



KIFS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED



Registered office

KIFS Financial Services Limited

B-81, Pariseema Complex, C. G. Road,
Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.

CIN: L67990GJ1995PLC025234, Ph. No.: +91 79 26400140, 740,

Fax: +91 79 26403717, Email: cs@kifs.co.in, Website: www.kifsfinance.com

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KIFS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

CORPORATE INFORMATION

27TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Tuesday, September 27, 2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala

Chairman & managing director

Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala

Executive director

Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala

Director

Mr. Devang M. Shah

Independent director

Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni

Independent director

Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar

Independent director

COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Durgesh D. Soni

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Bhavik J. Shah

REGISTERED & CORPORATE OFFICE

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Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.
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Fax: +91 79 26403717,
Email: cs@kifs.co.in,
Website: www.kifsfinance.com

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Bimal Shah Associates,
Chartered accountants, Ahmedabad

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s. SMPK & Associates LLP, Ahmedabad

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s. Anamika Jajoo & Co.,
Practicing company secretary, Ahmedabad

BANKERS

HDFC Bank – Ahmedabad
Bank of Maharashtra – Ahmedabad
IndusInd Bank – Mumbai

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT (RTA)

Link Intime India Private Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE ADDRESS OF RTA

C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (W),
Mumbai – 400083, Maharashtra, India.
Ph. no.: +91 22 49186270,
Fax: +91 22 49186060,
Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

AHMEDABAD BRANCH OFFICE ADDRESS OF RTA

506-508, Amarnath Business Center – 1,
Besides Gala Business Center,
Nr. St. Xavier's College Corner,
Off C. G. Road, Navrangpura,
Ahmedabad – 380009, Gujarat, India.
Ph. no.: +91 79 26465179, 86, 87,
Fax: +91 79 26465179,
Email: ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in,
Website: www.linkintime.co.in

ISIN

INE902D01013

BSE SCRIP CODE

535566

CIN

L67990GJ1995PLC025234

Notice of 27th annual general meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the 27th annual general meeting of the members of KIFS Financial Services Limited is scheduled to be held on **Tuesday, September 27, 2022 at 4:00 pm** through electronic mode [video conference (“VC”) or other audio visual means (“OAVM”)] to transact the following business:

Ordinary businesses

Item no. 1 – Adoption of financial statements

To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 together with reports of the directors and auditors thereon.

Item no. 2 – Declaration of final dividend

To declare a final dividend on equity shares of the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022.

Item no. 3 – Re-appointment of director(s) retiring by rotation

To appoint a director in place of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala (DIN: 00477673), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Item no. 4 – Re-appointment of statutory auditors

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 139, 142 and other provisions, if any, applicable to the company for the time being in force, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as may be applicable and pursuant to the recommendations of the audit committee, M/s. Bimal Shah Associates, chartered accountants (FRN: 101505W), Ahmedabad be and are hereby re-appointed as statutory auditors of the company, to hold office from the conclusion of this 27th annual general meeting until the conclusion of 32nd annual general meeting, at such remuneration and out of pocket expenses, as may be determined by the audit committee and board of directors of the company in consultation with the said firm of auditors.”

Special businesses

Item no. 5 – Re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala (DIN: 00477673) as an executive chairman and managing director

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT the company hereby accords its approval and consent under sections 196, 197, 203 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto, to the re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, who, in accordance with the provisions of section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, not less than fourteen days before the date of ensuing annual general meeting, has left at the registered office of the company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature as an executive chairman and managing director of the company, liable to be retired by rotation, for a period of five years with effect from February 4, 2023 and to his receiving remuneration, benefits and amenities, if any, as a managing director of the company as set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice and upon the terms and conditions and stipulations contained in an agreement to be entered into between the company and Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, a draft whereof is placed before the meeting and which, for the purposes of identification, is initialled by the chairman of the meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the board of directors of the company which shall be deemed to include the nomination and remuneration committee of the board constituted to exercise its powers, including the powers conferred by this resolution shall have liberty to alter and vary terms and conditions of appointment including remuneration, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified under Chapter XIII of the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the remuneration including benefits, amenities and perquisites, if any, as set out in the said draft agreement shall nevertheless be paid and allowed to Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala as minimum remuneration for any financial year in case of absence or inadequacy of profits for such year, subject to the provisions prescribed under chapter XIII of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder and any other applicable provisions of the said Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the board of directors of the company (hereinafter referred to as “board” which term shall include committee(s) thereof authorized for the purpose) be and is hereby authorized to take all such steps and actions and give such directions as may be in absolute discretion deemed necessary and to settle any question that may arise in this regard, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the shareholders or otherwise and that the shareholders shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.”

Item no. 6 – To approve existing as well as new related party transactions

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, (“SEBI listing regulations”), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) read with rules made thereunder, other applicable laws / statutory provisions, if any, (including any statutory modification(s) or amendment(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the company’s policy on related party transactions, and subject to such approval(s), consent(s), permission(s) as may be necessary from time to time and based on the approval and recommendation of the audit committee and the board of directors of the company, the approval of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the company to enter / continue to enter into material related party transaction(s) / contract(s) / arrangement(s) (whether by way of an individual transaction or transactions taken together or series of transactions or otherwise) with entities falling within the definition of ‘related party’ under section 2(76) of the Act and regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI listing regulations, w.r.t.

- (a) sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;
- (b) selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, assets, properties of any kind;
- (c) granting or taking on lease property or asset of any kind;
- (d) availing or rendering of any services;
- (e) appointment of any agent for purchase or sale of goods, materials, services or property;
- (f) such related party's appointment to any office or place of profit in the company, its subsidiary company or associate company; and
- (g) underwriting the subscription of any securities or derivatives thereof, of the company;
- (h) lending and borrowing of loans and advances and reimbursement of expenses including towards availing / providing for sharing / usage of each other’s resources viz. employees, office space, infrastructure, assets etc. to meet company’s business objectives / requirements (“related party transactions”) on such material terms and conditions as detailed in the explanatory statement to this resolution and as may be mutually agreed between such related parties and the company, for each of the financial years hereinafter, unless revoked and such that the maximum value of the related party transactions with such parties, in aggregate, does not exceed value as specified under each category for each financial year, whether or not the said contract(s) / arrangement(s) / transaction(s) be carried out in the ordinary course of business of the company and in respect of transactions with related parties under section 2(76) of the act, at arm’s length basis.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the board of directors of the company (hereinafter referred to as ‘board’ which term shall be deemed to include the audit committee of the company and any duly constituted / to be constituted committee of directors thereof to exercise its powers including powers conferred under this resolution) be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may deem fit at its absolute discretion and to take all such steps as may be required in this connection including finalizing and executing necessary documents, contract(s), scheme(s), agreement(s) and such other documents as may be required, seeking all necessary approvals to give effect to this resolution, for and on behalf of the company and settling all such issues, questions, difficulties or doubts whatsoever that may arise and to take all such decisions from powers herein conferred to, without being required to seek further consent or approval of the members and that the members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.”

Item no. 7 – Increase in the borrowing limits of the company under section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** in supersession of all the resolution(s) passed earlier in this respect and pursuant to section 180(1)(c) and other applicable provisions, of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment thereof for the time being in force) consent of the company be and is hereby accorded to the board of directors of the company to borrow from time to time, as it may consider fit, any sum or sums of money not exceeding ₹ 2,500 crores on such terms and conditions as the board may deem fit, notwithstanding that the monies to be borrowed together with the monies already borrowed by the company (apart from temporary loans

obtained / to be obtained from the company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid up share capital of the company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution the board of directors be and are hereby authorized to arrange to fix the terms and conditions of all such borrowings from time to time as it may deem fit and to sign and execute all such deeds, contracts, instruments, agreements and any other documents as may be required and to do all such acts, deeds, matters, things as may be deemed necessary, expedient and incidental thereto and to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred by this resolution to any committee of directors and / or directors and / or officers of the company to give effect to this resolution.”

Item no. 8 – Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the company under section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** in supersession of all the resolution(s) passed earlier in this respect, the consent of the company be and is hereby accorded in terms of section 180(1)(a) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) to the board of directors to mortgage, pledge, create charges or hypothecation and to provide securities as may be necessary on all movable and / or immovable properties wherever situated both present and future or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the company or where the company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any such undertaking(s) on such terms and conditions at such time(s) and in such form and manner, and with such ranking as to priority as the board in its absolute discretion thinks fit on the whole or substantially the whole of the company's any one or more of the undertakings or all of the undertakings of the company in favour of any bank(s) or financial institutions or any other lender(s), agent(s) and trustee(s) whether shareholders of the company or not, to secure borrowing availed or to be availed by the company or subsidiary(ies) or associates of company, whether by way of debentures, loans, credit facilities, debts, financial obligations or any other securities or otherwise by the company, in foreign currency or in Indian rupees, within the overall limits of the borrowing powers of the board as determined from time to time by members of the company, pursuant to section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution the board of directors be and is hereby authorized to finalize with the banks or financial institutions or any other lender(s), agent(s) and trustee(s) all such deeds, contracts, instruments, agreements and any other documents for creating the aforesaid mortgages, pledge, charges and / or hypothecations and to accept any modifications to, or to modify, alter or vary, the terms and conditions of the existing deeds, contracts, instruments, agreements documents and to do all such acts, deeds, matters, things as may be deemed necessary, expedient and incidental thereto and to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred by this resolution to any committee of directors and / or directors and / or officers of the company to give effect to this resolution.”

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Website: www.kifsfinance.com

By order of board of directors
For **KIFS Financial Services Limited**

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Chairman & managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Notes

1. An explanatory statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, ('the Act') relating to the special business to be transacted at the annual general meeting ('AGM') is annexed hereto.
2. In view of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the circular no. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, circular no. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and other clarification(s) issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by circular no. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, circular no. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and circular no. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the members to the EGM / AGM venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC / OAVM. The registered office of the company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM. National Securities Depository Limited ('NSDL') will be providing facility for voting through remote e-voting, for participation in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and e-voting during the AGM. The procedure for e-voting and participating in the meeting through VC / OAVM is explained at note no. 9 & 10 below and is also available on the website of the company at www.kifsfinance.com.
3. As the AGM shall be conducted through VC / OAVM, the facility for appointment of proxy by the members is not available for this AGM and hence, the proxy form and attendance slip including route map are not annexed to this notice. However, the body corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
4. Institutional / corporate members are requested to send a scanned copy (pdf / jpeg format) of the board resolution authorizing its representatives to attend and vote at the AGM, pursuant to section 113 of the Act, on email id of the scrutinizer at anamikajajoo@gmail.com and the email id of company at cs@kifs.co.in.
5. The register of members and share transfer books of the company will be closed from Wednesday, September 21, 2022 to Tuesday, September 27, 2022 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of annual general meeting.

ELECTRONIC DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT AND PROCESS FOR REGISTRATION OF EMAIL ID FOR OBTAINING COPY OF ANNUAL REPORT

6. Copies of the financial statements (including report of board of directors, auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therewith) including the notice of AGM are being sent in electronic mode to members whose e-mail address is registered with the company or the depository participant(s). In line with the ministry of corporate affairs (MCA) circular no. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the company at www.kifsfinance.com. The notice can also be accessed from the websites of the stock exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the remote e-voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
7. Members holding shares in physical mode and who have not updated their email addresses with the company are requested to update their email addresses by writing to the RTA of the company on the email id ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in along with the copy of the signed request letter mentioning the name and address of the member, mobile number, self-attested copy of the PAN card, and self-attested copy of any document (eg.: driving license, election identity card, passport) in support of the address of the member. Members holding shares in dematerialized mode are requested to register / update their email addresses with the relevant depository participants. In case of any queries / difficulties in registering the e-mail address, members may write to RTA of the company on the email id ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in.

Updation of bank account details:

Members who have not updated their bank account details for receiving the dividends directly in their bank accounts through Electronic Clearing Service or any other means may follow the below instructions:

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Physical holding | Send a scanned copy of the following details / documents to the registrar of the company Link Intime India Private Limited, at ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in a) a signed request letter mentioning your name, folio number, complete address and following details relating to bank account in which the dividend is to be received: i. Name and branch of bank and bank account type; |
|------------------|---|

| | |
|---------------|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ii. Bank account number & type allotted by your bank after implementation of core banking solutions; iii. 11 digit IFSC code; b) self-attested scanned copy of cancelled cheque bearing the name of the member or first holder, in case shares are held jointly; c) self-attested scanned copy of the PAN card; and d) self-attested scanned copy of any document (such as AADHAR card, driving license, election identity card, passport) in support of the address of the Member as registered with the company. |
| Demat holding | Members holding shares in demat form are requested to update their bank account details with their respective DPs. |

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER

8. The remote e-voting period begins on Saturday, September 24, 2022 at 9:00 am and ends on Monday, September 26, 2022 at 5:00 pm. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The members, whose names appear in the register of members / beneficial owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. Tuesday, September 20, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company as on the cut-off date, being Tuesday, September 20, 2022.

HOW DO I VOTE ELECTRONICALLY USING NSDL E-VOTING SYSTEM?

9. The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system consists of “two steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-voting system

A. Login method for e-voting and joining virtual meeting for individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-voting facility provided by Listed companies, individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and depository participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-voting facility.

Login method for individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

| Type of shareholders | Login method |
|--|--|
| Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsd.com/ either on a personal computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under “IDeAS” section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your user ID and password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-voting services. Click on “Access to e-voting” under e-voting services and you will be able to see e-voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-voting service provider - NSDL and you will be re-directed to NSDL e-voting website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsd.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS” Portal or click at https://eservices.nsd.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3. Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsd.com/ either on a personal computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder / Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your user ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), password / OTP and a verification code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL depository site wherein you can see e-voting page. Click |

| Type of shareholders | Login method |
|--|---|
| | on options available against company name or e-voting service provider - NSDL and you will be redirected to e-voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. |
| Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on new system myeasi. After successful login of Easi / Easiest the user will be also able to see the e-voting menu. The menu will have links of e-voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote. If the user is not registered for Easi / Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration Alternatively, the user can directly access e-voting page by providing demat account number and PAN number from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered mobile & email as recorded in the demat account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-voting is in progress. |
| Individual shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants | You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your depository participant registered with NSDL / CDSL for e-voting facility. Once login, you will be able to see e-voting option. Once you click on e-voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL / CDSL depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-voting feature. Click on options available against company name or e-voting service provider - NSDL and you will be redirected to e-voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. |

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve user ID / password are advised to use forget user ID and forget password option available at abovementioned website.

| Login type | Helpdesk details |
|--|--|
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL | Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 |
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL | Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022 23058738 or 022 23058542 / 43 |

B. Login method for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode

How to log-in to NSDL e-voting website?

- i. Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a personal computer or on a mobile.
- ii. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder / Member’ section.
- iii. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your user ID, your password / OTP and a verification code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL e-services i.e. IDeAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDeAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL e-services after using your log-in credentials, click on e-voting and you can proceed to step 2 i.e. cast your vote electronically.

iv. Your user ID details are given below:

| Manner of holding shares i.e. demat (NSDL or CDSL) or physical | Your user ID is: |
|--|--|
| a) For members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL | 8 character DP ID followed by 8 digit client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****. |
| b) For members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL | 16 digit beneficiary ID For example if your beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12***** |
| c) For members holding shares in physical form | EVEN number followed by folio number registered with the company For example if EVEN is 101456 and folio number is 001*** then user ID is 101456001*** EVEN of your company is 121485. |

v. Password details for shareholders other than individual shareholders are given below:

- a) If you are already registered for e-voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
- b) If you are using NSDL e-voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the ‘initial password’ which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your ‘initial password’, you need to enter the ‘initial password’ and the system will force you to change your password.
- c) **How to retrieve your ‘initial password’?**
 - If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your ‘initial password’ is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your ‘user ID’ and your ‘initial password’.
 - If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

vi. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the “initial password” or have forgotten your password:

- a) Click on **“forgot user details / password”** (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- b) **Physical user reset password** (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number / folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- d) Members can also use the OTP (one time password) based login for casting the votes on the e-voting system of NSDL.

vii. After entering your password, tick on agree to “terms and conditions” by selecting on the check box.

viii. Now, you will have to click on “Login” button.

ix. After you click on the “Login” button, home page of e-voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join general meeting on NSDL e-Voting system

- i. After successful login at step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and general meeting is in active status.
- ii. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-voting period and casting your vote during the general meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC / OAVM” link placed under “join general meeting”.
- iii. Now you are ready for e-voting as the voting page opens.
- iv. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify / modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “submit” and also “confirm” when prompted.
- v. Upon confirmation, the message “vote cast successfully” will be displayed.

- vi. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- vii. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General guidelines for shareholders

- i. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (pdf / jpg format) of the relevant board resolution / authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the scrutinizer by e-mail to asejaipur@yahoo.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- ii. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “forgot user details / password” or “physical user reset password” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- iii. In case of any queries, you may refer the frequently asked questions (FAQs) for shareholders and e-voting user manual for shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of email ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- i. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide folio no., name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), Aadhar (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) by email to cs@kifs.co.in.
- ii. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), name, client master or copy of consolidated account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), Aadhar (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) to cs@kifs.co.in. If you are an individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **Step 1 (A)** i.e. login method for e-voting and joining virtual meeting for individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- iii. Alternatively shareholder / members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- iv. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-voting facility provided by listed companies, individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with depositories and depository participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-voting facility.

The instructions for members for e-voting on the day of the AGM are as under:

- i. The procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- ii. Only those members / shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system in the AGM.
- iii. Members who have voted through remote e-voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- iv. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for remote e-voting.

Instructions for members for attending the AGM through VC / OAVM are as under:

- i. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM through the NSDL e-voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for access to NSDL e-voting system. After successful login, you can see link of “VC / OAVM link” placed under “join general meeting” menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC / OAVM link placed under join general meeting menu. The link for VC / OAVM will be available in shareholder / member login where the EVEN of company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the user ID and password for e-voting or have forgotten the user ID and password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.

- ii. Members are encouraged to join the meeting through laptops for better experience.
- iii. Further members will be required to allow camera and use internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- iv. Please note that participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through laptop connecting via mobile hotspot may experience audio / video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- v. Shareholders who would like to express their views / have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@kifs.co.in. Questions / queries received by the company till 5.00 pm IST on Thursday, September 22, 2022 shall only be considered and responded during the AGM. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may use chat facility to raise questions to moderator. The moderator then will ask one by one question during the meeting. The company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate for smooth conduct of the AGM.

PROCEDURE FOR JOINING THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM

10. The members can join the AGM in the VC / OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC / OAVM will be made available for 1,000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large shareholders (shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), promoters, institutional investors, directors, key managerial personnel, the chairpersons of the audit committee, nomination and remuneration committee and stakeholders relationship committee, auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
11. The attendance of the members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

GENERAL INFORMATION

12. Members are requested to note that pursuant to the provisions of section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, the amount of dividend unclaimed or unpaid for a period of 7 years from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account, shall be transferred to the investor education & protection fund (IEPF) set up by government of India and no claim shall lie against the company after the transfer of unpaid or unclaimed dividend amount to the government.

The members are also requested to note that all shares on which dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the IEPF account in compliance with section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable rules. In view of this, members are requested to claim their dividends from the company, within the stipulated timeline. The members, whose unclaimed dividends shares have been transferred to IEPF, may claim the same by making an application to the IEPF authority after complying with the procedure prescribed under the IEPF rules.

13. Details as per regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in respect of the directors seeking appointment / re-appointment at the AGM, forms integral part of the notice. Other details as required under secretarial standard – 2 are included in the corporate governance report, which forms part of the annual report. The directors have furnished the requisite consents / declarations for their appointment / re-appointment.
14. The members, who still hold share certificates in physical form, are advised to dematerialize their shareholding to avail the benefits of dematerialization, which includes easy liquidity since the trading is permitted in dematerialized form only, electronic transfer, savings in stamp duty and elimination of possibility of loss of documents and bad deliveries.
15. As per the provisions of section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nomination is available for the members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting form no. SH-13. Members are requested to submit these details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in electronic form, and to the RTA Link Intime India Private Limited at ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in, in case the shares are held in physical form.

16. The company has appointed Ms. Anamika Jajoo, proprietor of M/s. Anamika Jajoo & Co., practicing company secretaries, Ahmedabad (ICSI membership no.: 20918, certificate of practice no.: 13859), who in the opinion of the board is a duly qualified person to scrutinize the voting processes in a fair and transparent manner.
17. The scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the annual general meeting, count votes cast at the meeting, thereafter unblock votes cast through remote e-voting in presence of at least two witnesses not in employment of the company and present a consolidated scrutinizers' report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the chairman or a person authorized by him in writing who shall countersign the same.
18. The results declared along with the scrutinizer's report shall be placed on the company's website www.kifsfinance.com and on the website of NSDL and shall be communicated to the stock exchange within the time prescribed by the law.
19. The resolution shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the annual general meeting, subject to the same being with requisite majority.

PROCEDURE FOR INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

20. All the documents referred to in the accompanying notice and explanatory statements, shall be available for inspection through electronic mode, for which the request required to be sent on and before Thursday, September 22, 2022.
21. The register of directors and key managerial personnel and their shareholding, maintained under section 170 of the Act, and the register of contracts or arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the notice will also be available for electronic inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this notice up to Thursday, September 22, 2022. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to cs@kifs.co.in.

Explanatory statement

Explanatory statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

(including additional information on director(s) recommended for appointment / re-appointment as required under regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and applicable Secretarial Standard)

In respect of item no. 3 and 5

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala

Brief resume and nature of expertise

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, executive chairman and managing director of the company, holding DIN: 00477673 aged around 58 years (DOB: June 23, 1964) is a commerce graduate having experience of around three decades in the capital market activities. Mr. Khandwala is well versed in the field of primary market, secondary market, mutual funds and arbitrage operations. He is keenly engaged in to the business development and controls key strategic aspects of the business at Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India.

Mr. Khandwala was originally appointed as a director of the company on July 31, 2010 and then was designated as managing director on February 4, 2013 and was re-appointed as managing director effective from February 4, 2018.

The said tenure of 5 years is going to be expired on February 3, 2023 and thus approval of shareholders of the company is sought to be obtained for reappointment and remuneration of Mr. Khandwala as an executive chairman and managing director for a period of 5 years effective from February 4, 2023.

The re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala as a managing director of the company had been recommended by the nomination and remuneration committee at its duly convened meeting. The board of directors of the company then also accorded its consent for the matter at its meeting held on August 12, 2022, subject to the further approval of members of the company in their ensuing general meeting.

The company has also received a declaration from Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala that he is not disqualified from being appointed as director in terms of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 and have given his consent for such re-appointment.

The material terms of appointment and remuneration as contained in the draft agreement are given below:

Salary

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala is proposed to be remunerated at a basic salary not exceeding ₹ 9,00,000/- (rupees nine lacs only) per annum with increments as may be recommended by the nomination and remuneration committee and decided by the board of directors of the company from time to time. Further, Mr. Khandwala has been paid a remuneration of ₹ 6,00,000/- (rupees six lacs only) per annum during last two financial years. The proposed approval for re-appointment of him as a managing director also includes approval of his remuneration.

Minimum remuneration

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, where in any financial year during the period of his office as a managing director, the company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the company may pay to Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala remuneration by way of salary not exceeding the maximum limits laid down in section II of part II of schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, as may be agreed to by the board of directors and Mr. Khandwala.

Other terms

Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the board of directors, Mr. Khandwala shall manage and conduct the business and affairs of the company. He shall not be paid any sitting fee for attending the meetings of the board or committee thereof.

The appointment can be terminated by Mr. Khandwala or the company, by one party giving to the other 1 (one) calendar month's notice in writing or by payment of a sum equivalent to remuneration for the notice period or part thereof in case of shorter notice or on such other terms as may be mutually agreed.

Copy of the draft agreement referred to in the resolution would be available for inspection without any fee by the members at the registered office of the company on all working days, except Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, between 10:00 am to 1:00 pm prior to the date of the annual general meeting and shall also be made available for inspection at the meeting. This statement may also be read and referred as disclosure in compliance with the requirements of section 190 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala is also being proposed in terms of provisions of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 i.e. appointment of director(s) in place of director(s) retiring by rotation.

Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala is spouse of Mrs. Sonal P. Khandwala and brother of Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala.

Details of other directorships, membership / chairmanships of committees of other board as on March 31, 2022

Directorships: KIFS Motors Private Limited
KIFS Housing Finance Limited
KIFS Trade Capital Private Limited
KIFS (IFSC) Private Limited
Khandwala Commercial Private Limited
Amoureux Enterprise Private Limited

Chairmanships / memberships of committee(s) of other board:

Chairmanships: Wilful Defaulter Review Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited
Memberships: CSR Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited
Asset Liability Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited
Nomination and Remuneration Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited
Investment Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited
Wilful defaulter Identification Committee – KIFS Housing Finance Limited

Remuneration details for financial year ended on March 31, 2022

₹ 6,00,000/- (rupees six lakhs only) per annum

Shareholding in the company as on March 31, 2022

Nil

No. of board meetings attended during the financial year 2021-22

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala has attended all the four board meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 details of which have been provided in the corporate governance report forming part of this annual report.

Keeping in view the rich and varied experience of Mr. Khandwala, it would be in the best interests of the company to continue his employment as an executive chairman and managing director. Except Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala being the proposed appointee and his relative directors in general, none of the directors, key managerial personnel and relatives of the directors / key managerial personnel of the company is interested in the proposed resolutions. In view of the provisions of sections 196, 197, 203 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the board recommends the resolutions set out at item no. 3 and 5 of the accompanying notice for the approval of the members.

In respect of item no. 4

Re-appointment of statutory auditors

The members at the 22nd annual general meeting (“AGM”) of the company held on Friday, September 22, 2017, had approved the appointment of M/s. Bimal Shah Associates, chartered accountants (FRN: 101505W), Ahmedabad, as statutory auditors of the company, to hold office till the conclusion of the 27th AGM. After evaluating and considering various factors such as industry experience, competency of the audit team, efficiency in conduct of audit, independence, etc., the board of directors of the company has, based on the recommendation of the audit committee, at its meeting held on August 12, 2022, proposed the re-appointment of M/s. Bimal Shah Associates, chartered accountants (FRN: 101505W), Ahmedabad, as the statutory auditors of the company, for a term of five

consecutive years from the conclusion of 27th AGM till the conclusion of 32nd AGM of the company, at a remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the board of directors and statutory auditors.

M/s. Bimal Shah Associates have consented to their appointment as statutory auditors and have confirmed that if appointed, their appointment will be in accordance with section 139 read with section 141 of the Act.

The board recommends the ordinary resolution set out at item no. 4 of the notice for approval by the members. None of the directors and key managerial personnel of the company or their relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested in the resolution set out at item no. 4 of the notice.

In respect of item no. 6

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”), vide its notification dated November 9, 2021, has notified the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendment) Regulations, 2021 (“Amendments”) introducing amendments to the provisions pertaining to the related party transactions under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”). The aforesaid amendments inter-alia included replacing of current threshold i.e. 10% (ten percent) of the listed entity’s consolidated turnover, for determination of material related party transactions requiring prior shareholders’ approval with the threshold of lower of ₹ 1,000 crore (rupees one thousand crore) or 10% (ten percent) of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity. Accordingly, the threshold for determination of material related party transactions under regulation 23(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations has been reduced with effect from April 1, 2022.

No related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not. Further, SEBI vide its circular bearing reference no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2022/47 dated April 8, 2022 has clarified and specified that the shareholders’ approval of omnibus RPTs approved in an annual general meeting (“AGM”) shall be valid upto the date of the next AGM for a period not exceeding fifteen months.

Your company KIFS Financial Services Limited is engaged into the business of IPO, FPO funding and funding against shares and securities and granting of other loans and advances. In order to facilitate such funding and to manage the business affairs of the company smoothly, the company needs to make some transactions with its related parties w.r.t. borrowing / granting of loans and advances, granting or taking on lease office premises etc. as more particularly mentioned in the proposed resolution.

The particulars of the transaction(s) pursuant to the provisions of section 188 of the Act read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021 are as under:

| Particulars | Information | |
|---|--|--------------------|
| Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise) | Khandwala Commercial Private Limited – Holding company Khandwala Finstock Private Limited – Group concern KIFS Motors Private Limited – Group concern KIFS Trade Capital Private Limited – Group concern KIFS Housing Finance Limited – Group concern KIFS Bullion Private Limited – Group concern KIFS Stock Broking Private Limited – Group concern KIFS (IFSC) Private Limited – Group concern Amoureux Enterprise Private Limited – Group concern Endroit Enterprise Private Limited – Group concern KIFS Trading LLP – Group concern KIFS International LLP – Group concern KIFS Estate LLP – Group concern Khandwala & Zaveri Developers LLP – Group concern KIFS Infrastructure LLP – Group concern S K Z Developers LLP – Group concern and such other related parties as may be there from time to time per the definition(s) provided under the Companies Act, 2013 / SEBI regulations | |
| Type, material terms, value and particulars of the proposed transaction | Nature of transaction | ₹ in Crores |
| | Granting or availing of loans and advances and borrowings per transaction | 1,000 |

| Particulars | Information | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|----|--|----|---|---|
| | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Reimbursement of expenses including towards availing / providing for sharing / usage of each other's resources viz. employees, office space, infrastructure, assets etc.</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other transactions including deposits, reimbursement of expenses, purchase of assets, avail or provide services etc. and such other transactions as may be approved by audit committee and board</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Granting or taking on lease property or asset of any kind</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1</td> </tr> </table> | Reimbursement of expenses including towards availing / providing for sharing / usage of each other's resources viz. employees, office space, infrastructure, assets etc. | 10 | Other transactions including deposits, reimbursement of expenses, purchase of assets, avail or provide services etc. and such other transactions as may be approved by audit committee and board | 10 | Granting or taking on lease property or asset of any kind | 1 |
| Reimbursement of expenses including towards availing / providing for sharing / usage of each other's resources viz. employees, office space, infrastructure, assets etc. | 10 | | | | | | |
| Other transactions including deposits, reimbursement of expenses, purchase of assets, avail or provide services etc. and such other transactions as may be approved by audit committee and board | 10 | | | | | | |
| Granting or taking on lease property or asset of any kind | 1 | | | | | | |
| Tenure of the proposed transaction (particular tenure shall be specified) | Generally loans and advances transactions are made on demand basis and leasing payment occurs either monthly or quarterly. Other transactions if made may be of such tenure as may be mutually decided by both the parties. | | | | | | |
| The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided) | The turnover of the company consists of the interest income it generates from the loans and advances and the related party transactions are represented by the actual quantum of loans and advances and thus to maintain parity and similar presentation, the percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover is represented by the interest income / expense generated / paid to the related party. – 21.20% for Khandwala Finstock Private Limited, 0.018% for KIFS International LLP and 0.13% for SKZ Developers LLP – for the financial year 2021-22 | | | | | | |
| If the transaction relates to any loans, inter - corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary | | | | | | | |
| i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction | The source of funds to the company is its net worth and borrowings | | | | | | |
| ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter - corporate deposits, advances or investments, | | | | | | | |
| • nature of indebtedness | Demand loans by other corporates and bank funding if required | | | | | | |
| • cost of funds | As per market prevalent rates | | | | | | |
| • tenure | Generally on demand basis | | | | | | |
| iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security | The funding is availed as unsecured inter corporate borrowings and unsecured loans and advances are granted to the concerned companies and LLPs on demand basis on market prevalent interest rates. | | | | | | |
| iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilized by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT | The ultimate beneficial related party utilizes the funds for its principal business activities and activities incidental thereto. | | | | | | |
| Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity | Such related party transactions ensure easy and quick funding availability to the company as well as its related parties and also ensure that the resources of group companies can be optimally utilized and can lead to overall development and growth of the company as well as the group. | | | | | | |
| A copy of the valuation or other external party report, if any such report has been relied upon | Not applicable | | | | | | |
| Percentage of the counter - party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis | - | | | | | | |
| Any other information that may be relevant | - | | | | | | |

| Particulars | Information |
|---|----------------|
| A statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transaction will be made available through the registered email address of the shareholders | Not applicable |

As the transactions related to borrowings and lending of loans and advances are made on demand basis between the company and its related party, the board of directors of the company has proposed approval of shareholders by way of passing of this resolution for the limits set herein above.

The board expects growth in the business of company and so is of the opinion that the aforesaid related party transactions are in the best interests of the company and the group overall and accordingly recommends the resolution set forth in item no. 5 of the notice for the approval of the members. All the related parties shall abstain from voting on the said resolution.

Save and except the above, none of the other directors / key managerial personnel of the company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

In respect of item no. 7

In order to facilitate the company to manage its financial operations smoothly, effectively and to expand the maximum cap of borrowings limit as a precautionary measure and to ensure that the company remains compliant to the respective provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, it is proposed to increase the limit of borrowings to ₹ 2,500 crores.

The provisions of section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 requires the companies to pass special resolution to authorize the board to borrow funds which will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital and free reserves. In view thereof, it is proposed to obtain a fresh approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution.

None of the directors or key managerial personnel (KMP) or relatives of directors and KMP are concerned or interested in this resolution. The board has unanimously approved the above proposal at its meeting held on August 12, 2022.

The board recommends the said resolution to be passed as a special resolution.

In respect of item no. 8

In order to facilitate securing the borrowings availed / to be availed by the company or subsidiary(ies) or associates of company, by way of loans, debentures or any other securities or otherwise, in foreign currency or in Indian rupees, it is proposed to obtain the approval of the shareholders by way of a special resolution under section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, to create charge / mortgage / hypothecation / pledge on the company's assets including tangible and intangible, both present and future, or provide other securities in favour of the banks, financial institutions, any other lender(s), agent(s) and trustee(s), from time to time up to the limits approved or as may be approved by the shareholders from time to time under section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013. The board has unanimously approved the above proposal at its meeting held on August 12, 2022.

None of the directors and key managerial personnel of the company or their respective relatives are concerned or interested in the passing of the said resolution. The board of directors recommends passing of the said resolution for approval of the members of the company by way of a special resolution.

Registered & corporate office

B – 81, Pariseema Complex,
C. G. Road, Ellisbridge,
Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.
CIN: L67990GJ1995PLC025234,
Ph. no.: +91 79 26400140, 740,
Fax: +91 79 26403717,
Email: cs@kifs.co.in,
Website: www.kifsfinance.com

By order of board of directors
For **KIFS Financial Services Limited**

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Chairman & managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Directors' report

Dear members,

Your directors have pleasure in presenting the 27th annual report on the business and operations of the company together with the audited financial statement for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022.

1. Financial summary

(₹ in lakhs except EPS)

| Particulars | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue from operations | 3,271.30 | 2,093.21 |
| Other income | - | 10.35 |
| Total income | 3,271.30 | 2,103.56 |
| Total expenditure | 2,449.10 | 1,595.71 |
| Profit / (loss) before exceptional items & provision for tax | 822.16 | 507.84 |
| Exceptional items | - | - |
| Profit / (loss) before tax | 822.16 | 507.84 |
| Tax expenses | 209.57 | 129.13 |
| Net profit | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| EPS – basic & diluted (₹) | 5.66 | 3.50 |

2. State of company's affairs / performance of the company

During the financial year under report, total income of the company stands to ₹ 3,271.30 lakhs as revenue from operations as compared to ₹ 2,103.56 lakhs comprised of ₹ 2,093.21 lakhs as revenue from operations and ₹ 10.35 lakhs as other income generated during the previous financial year. The revenue from operations has shown growth of 56.28% in compare to previous financial year. Profit before interest, depreciation and tax also stands at ₹ 3,174.19 lakhs as compared to ₹ 2,056.26 lakhs in the financial year ended on March 31, 2021.

Net profit after tax has also represented growth of 61.76% when compared to that of previous financial year. Earnings per share stands at ₹ 5.66 compared to ₹ 3.50 for the previous financial year ended on March 31, 2021.

The detailed analysis as to review of company's operational and financial performance is given in the management discussion and analysis report.

3. Dividend

Your directors propose to recommend final dividend for the financial year 2021-22 at an increased rate of ₹ 1.35 (one rupee and thirty five paise only) (13.50%) per equity share of ₹ 10/- (rupees ten only) each as compared to ₹ 1.25 (one rupee and twenty five paise only) (12.50%) per equity share declared for the previous financial year ended on March 31, 2021.

Further, the payment of dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting of the company. The dividend, if declared at the ensuing annual general meeting, will be paid to those shareholders whose names appear in the register of members as on the record date. The amount of final dividend will be ₹ 146.04 lakhs.

4. Transfer to reserves

The company proposes to transfer ₹ 122.52 lakhs to the special reserve out of amount available for appropriations and an amount of ₹ 1,599.59 lakhs is proposed to be retained in the statement of profit and loss.

5. Deposits

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, the company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of the provisions of applicable directions and notifications issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this respect.

Further, being a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company, the disclosures with respect to deposits, required as per rule 8(5)(v) & (vi) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to it.

6. Share capital

During the financial year under report, the company has neither made any issue of equity shares with differential voting rights, sweat equity shares or under employee stock options scheme nor it has made any provision of money for purchase of its own shares by employees or by trustees for the benefit of employees.

As on March 31, 2022, the authorized share capital of the company stands at ₹ 11,00,00,000/- consisting of 1,10,00,000 no. of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each and issued, subscribed and paid up share capital of the company stands at ₹ 10,81,80,000/- consisting of 1,08,18,000 no. of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up.

7. Details of subsidiary / joint venture / associate companies

The company doesn't have any subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.

8. Directors and key managerial personnel (KMP)

Director retiring by rotation

Pursuant to the provisions of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with the articles of association of the company, Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, managing director of the company, retires by rotation at the ensuing annual general meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The board of directors of the company recommends his re-appointment.

Regularization of appointment of directors during the financial year

The board of directors of the company at its meeting held on January 25, 2021 appointed Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala as an additional executive director of the company appointment of whom was further regularized by the shareholders by granting their approval at the previous annual general meeting held on September 28, 2021.

Re-appointment of managing director

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala was appointed as an executive chairman and managing director of the company vide approval of shareholders granted at their annual general meeting held on September 22, 2017 for a term of five consecutive commencing from February 4, 2018.

The said terms is expiring on February 3, 2023 and the board of directors of the company recommend to the shareholders re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala as an executive chairman and managing director of the company by passing a resolution at the ensuing annual general meeting.

Independent directors

In terms of the definition of the independent director as prescribed under regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Devang M. Shah, Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni and Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar have been appointed as non executive independent directors on the board of the company.

The independent directors have submitted the declaration, confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under both the provisions of the relevant laws. Further, the independent directors have complied with the code for independent directors prescribed in schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and code of conduct prescribed for the directors, management and senior managerial personnel.

Further, a separate meeting of independent directors of the company was held on Monday, February 21, 2022 in accordance with the provisions of clause VII of the schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013.

All the independent directors of the company have completed their registration on the independent directors' data bank within the timeline stipulated by the law. Also the requisite independent director(s) have cleared the proficiency self-assessment test or are not required to do so based on the relaxation provided therein.

Also the board of directors of the company opines that during the year the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency) of the independent directors are satisfactory to the company's requirements. The independent directors are proficient in the field as specified in point II(h) of the corporate governance report attached herewith.

Woman director

Pursuant to the provisions of section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala holds position of a non executive woman director of the company.

All of the directors of the company have confirmed that they are not disqualified under provisions of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 from being appointed / continue to hold position of directors of the company.

Key managerial personnel

Pursuant to the provisions of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala holds position of managing director, Mr. Durgesh D. Soni holds position of company secretary and Mr. Bhavik J. Shah holds the position of chief financial officer of the company.

Remuneration policy

The company follows a policy on remuneration of directors and senior management employees. The policy has been approved both by the nomination & remuneration committee and the board of directors. More details on the same have been given in the corporate governance report.

The policy on remuneration of directors, key managerial personnel and senior employees can be accessed on website of the company at following web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/Nomination-Remuneration-policy-KIFS.pdf>

9. Number of meetings of the board of directors

The board of directors met four times during the financial year under report, the details of which have been given in the corporate governance report. The intervening gap between any two board meetings did not exceed 120 days, as prescribed under the provisions of the law(s), except where relaxation provided by the appropriate authorities.

10. Committees of the board

The company has formed various committees namely audit committee, nomination and remuneration committee, stakeholders' relationship committee, corporate social responsibility committee and risk management committee in compliance with the requirements of the relevant provisions of the applicable laws and statutes. The risk management committee has been established voluntarily as a part of the better corporate governance practices.

Apart from the above statutory committees, the company also has a managing committee of the board of directors to look after the routine day to day affairs of the company.

The details with respect to the compositions, terms of reference, scope and powers, roles, meetings etc. of the relevant committees are given in detail in the corporate governance report forming part of this annual report.

11. Corporate social responsibility

The company was required to comply with the provisions related to corporate social responsibility considering its applicability for the financial year 2021-22. Accordingly it has adhered the provisions of section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and has also implemented a policy and has formed a committee named corporate social responsibility committee, more details on which along with details of spending w.r.t. CSR are provided in report on corporate social responsibility enclosed along with this directors' report as **Annexure – 1**.

12. Performance evaluation of the board

In accordance with the provisions of regulation 17(10) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, evaluation of performance of independent directors by the non independent directors and review of performance of non independent directors and the board as a whole by the independent directors was made during the financial year under report. The directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected an overall engagement of the board and its committees with the company. This may be considered as a statement under provisions of section 134(3)(p) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 8(4) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

More details on the evaluation mechanism are given in the corporate governance report.

13. Vigil mechanism / whistle blower policy

The company promotes ethical behavior in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism wherein the employees are free to report illegal or unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's codes of conduct or corporate governance policies, raise concerns against management and business practices, incorrect or misrepresentation of any financial statements and reports or any improper activity being negative in nature to the chairman of the audit committee of the company or chairman of the board. The whistle blower policy has been appropriately communicated within the company.

Under the whistle blower policy, the confidentiality of those reporting violation(s) is protected and they are not subject to any discriminatory practices. No personnel have been denied access to the audit committee. The functioning of the vigil mechanism is reviewed by the audit committee from time to time. The vigil mechanism / whistle blower policy has been uploaded on website of the company and can be accessed at following web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/KIFS-FINANCIAL-Whistle-blower-policy-2016.pdf>

14. Statement of development & implementation of risk management policy

The company has developed and implemented a risk management policy to meet the risks associated with the business of the company. Business risk evaluation and management is an ongoing process within the company. The assessment is periodically examined by the risk management committee of the board. The company, while giving loan to its customers, follows the criteria and procedure laid down in policy and the credibility of the clients.

15. Loans / guarantees or investment in securities

Being a non banking financial company pursuing loan business in its ordinary course of business, the disclosures relating to the details of loans made, guarantees given, securities provided or subscription / acquisition of securities, pursuant to the provisions of section 186(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 11 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are not required to be given. Details of loans as financial assets are given in note no. 6 of the notes to the financial statements of the company.

16. Contracts or arrangements with related parties

All related party transactions that were entered during the financial year under report were in the ordinary course of business of the company and were on arm's length basis. There were no materially significant related party transactions entered by the company with its promoters, directors, key managerial personnel or other persons, which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the company. All such related party transactions are being quarterly placed before the audit committee for its review. Omnibus approval has been obtained from the audit committee, board of directors and shareholders of the company for all the related party transactions (including transactions which are foreseen and repetitive in nature).

Since no material related party transactions were entered by the company and all the transactions entered into by the company with its related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis, disclosure in the form AOC-2 is not being given.

In terms of amendment made vide the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendment) Regulations, 2021 replacing threshold determining material related party transactions and related clarifications issued in this respect, the board has recommended to the shareholders to accord their consent for the related party transactions / material related party transactions being made and proposed to be made with the related parties identified in terms of definition provided in the Companies Act, 2013. The directors recommend the shareholders to pass the respective resolution.

The policy on related party transactions as approved by the board has been uploaded on the company's website at the web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/RPT-Policy-KIFS.pdf>

17. Internal financial control systems and their adequacy

The company has internal control systems, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. Your company has laid down set of standards, processes and structure which enable it to implement internal financial control systems across the organization and ensure that the same are adequate and operating effectively. Internal financial control systems of the company provide a reasonable assurance with regard to maintaining of proper accounting controls, monitoring of operations, protecting assets from unauthorized use or losses, compliance with regulations and for ensuring reliability of financial reporting.

18. Annual return

Pursuant to the provisions of section 92(3) read with section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the annual return as on March 31, 2022 is available under the investors tab on the company's website www.kifsfinance.com.

19. Disclosure as per the rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

The details as per rule 5(1) and 5(2) of the aforesaid rules are enclosed herewith as **Annexure – 2**.

20. Auditors**Statutory auditors**

The shareholders of the company at their 22nd annual general meeting held on Friday, September 22, 2017, appointed M/s. Bimal Shah Associates, chartered accountants, Ahmedabad as statutory auditors of the company for a period of 5 years i.e. upto conclusion of 27th annual general meeting of the company.

The said appointment of statutory auditors has been made in accordance with the provisions of rule 6 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 i.e. manner of rotation of auditors by the companies on expiry of their term.

The board has proposed and recommends to the shareholders re-appointment of said statutory auditors for an additional term of five years i.e. from the 27th annual general meeting till conclusion of 32nd annual general meeting. Directors of your company draw attention of the shareholders to the explanatory statement annexed to the notice of ensuing annual general meeting to get more details in this respect.

Further, the company, being engaged in the financial service activities, is not required to maintain cost records under the provisions of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Secretarial auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, the board has re-appointed the existing secretarial auditors of the company, M/s. Anamika Jajoo & Co., practicing company secretary, Ahmedabad for conducting the secretarial audit for the financial year ending on March 31, 2023.

Secretarial audit report issued by the secretarial auditor of the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 is attached to the directors' report as **Annexure – 3**. Further, the company has complied with the secretarial standards to the extent applicable to the company. Annual secretarial compliance report issued in terms of provisions of regulation 24A of the SEBI LODR is attached as **Annexure – 4**.

Explanations or comments by the board on qualification / reservation / adverse remark or disclaimer made by the statutory auditors in their audit report and by the secretarial auditor in her secretarial audit report

The audit report issued by the statutory auditors of the company is self explanatory and no comment from the board of directors of the company is required as no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer is given by any of the auditors of the company.

The secretarial auditor had reported an observation in her previous report issued for the financial year 2020-21 for which the company had made an application before the waiver committee of BSE for lifting of allegation of non-compliance and waiver of penalty imposed for non-compliance of regulation 17(1) of the SEBI LODR considering the fact that instance of delay in appointment of one executive director was happened as the company being an NBFC had to obtain RBI's prior approval for appointment of any executive director and RBI took some time to accord its prior approval and while granting such approval RBI also advised the company to follow the prescribed procedure of RBI's master directions DNBR.PD.007 /03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 i.e. publication of one month's prior public notice in newspapers. The company accordingly complied with such requirements and appointed executive director and made optimum composition of board of directors. After considering the various representations made by the company, BSE waiver committee approved the waiver application and lifted such allegation and penalty thereof during the financial year under report. The secretarial auditor has not reported any observation in the secretarial audit report and annual secretarial compliance report issued for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022.

Internal auditors

In accordance with the provisions of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, your company has re-appointed M/s. SMPK & Associates LLP, Ahmedabad, as the internal auditors of the company in the board meeting held on August 12, 2022 to conduct the internal audit of the functions and activities of the company for the financial year ending on March 31, 2023.

21. Investor education and protection fund (IEPF)

During the financial year under report i.e. 2021-22, the company has transferred ₹ 1,16,973/- from the unclaimed and unpaid dividend amount for the financial year 2013-14 to the investor education and protection fund. Moreover, 3,820 number of equity shares were also transferred to the IEPF corresponding to the unpaid dividend remained unclaimed and unpaid for seven consecutive years. The cumulative shares transferred to the IEPF stands at 1,72,460 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each as on March 31, 2022.

Further the details as on March 31, 2022 for unclaimed / unpaid dividend lying in the unpaid account and the corresponding shares, which are liable to be transferred to the IEPF are as follows:

| Sr. no. | Financial year | Type of dividend | Unclaimed / unpaid dividend (₹) | Corresponding number of equity shares | Due date of transfer to IEPF |
|---------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2014-15 | Final dividend | 1,27,507.50 | 2,55,015 | October 4, 2022 |
| 2 | 2015-16 | Final dividend | 1,52,140.50 | 2,02,854 | September 24, 2023 |
| 3 | 2016-17 | Final dividend | 1,76,350.50 | 1,95,945 | October 28, 2024 |
| 4 | 2017-18 | Final dividend | 39,907.80 | 44,342 | October 27, 2025 |
| 5 | 2018-19 | Final dividend | 21,633.00 | 21,633 | November 2, 2026 |
| 6 | 2019-20 | Final dividend | 44,952.75 | 37,607 | November 4, 2027 |
| 7 | 2020-21 | Final dividend | 21,766.25 | 17,413 | November 3, 2028 |

22. Material changes and commitments affecting financial position of the company

There are no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the company which have been occurred between the end of the financial year i.e. March 31, 2022 and the date of signing of the directors' report. Further, no significant or material orders have been passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status of the company and / or the company's operations in future.

23. Remuneration given to the managing director

The managing director of the company, Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala also occupies the office of the managing director in KIFS Housing Finance Limited, a group company to the Khandwala group. Mr. Khandwala was paid remuneration to the tune of ₹ 6,00,000/- (rupees six lakhs only) from your company during and for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022. The company does not have any subsidiary company.

The material terms and conditions of re-appointment and remuneration of Mr. Khandwala are enumerated in the explanatory statement annexed to the notice of ensuing annual general meeting of the company.

24. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

A policy under the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 has been laid down and circulated to every employee of the company so as to inform them about the redressal mechanism available to them against any kind of harassment. Your directors state that during the financial year under report, there were no cases filed or complaint received from any employee pertaining to the sexual harassment.

A policy framed and adopted by the board of directors of the company on prevention of sexual harassment is uploaded on the company website at below web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/SEXUAL-HARASSMENT-POLICY.pdf>

25. Listing

Presently, the equity shares of your company are listed at the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE) (scrip code: 535566). The company's equity shares are available for trading in demat form by all the investors on BSE which is having nation-wide trading terminals in various cities affording to the investors convenient access to trade and deal in the company's equity shares across the country.

The company is regular in complying with the requirements of the listing agreement / regulations and has duly paid the requisite listing fees to the BSE.

26. Code of conduct

The board has laid down a code of conduct (“code”) for board members, managerial personnel and for senior management employees of the company. This code has been posted on the company’s website at <http://kifsfinance.com/code-of-conduct-policy/>. All the board members and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with this code. A declaration by the managing director to this effect forms part of the corporate governance report.

The board has also laid down a code of conduct for independent directors pursuant to section 149(8) and schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 via terms and conditions for appointment of independent directors, which is a guide to professional conduct for independent directors and has been uploaded on the website of the company at following web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/03/Terms-of-appointment-of-Independent-Directors.pdf>

27. Corporate governance

Your company practices a culture that is built on core values and ethical governance practices and is committed to transparency in all its dealings. A report on corporate governance along with a certificate from statutory auditors of the company regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance, as stipulated under provisions of regulation 34(3) and schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed to this report.

28. Management discussion and analysis report

A detailed analysis of the company’s performance is made in the management discussion and analysis report, which forms part of this annual report.

29. Compliance with the Reserve Bank of India guidelines

The company being a non banking financial company categorized as a loan company continues to comply with all the applicable regulations, directions and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

30. Particulars regarding conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The disclosures required to be made under section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule (8)(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 pertaining to the conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo are not applicable to the company as the company being a non banking financial company, is neither involved in any manufacturing, processing activities nor any of its transactions involves foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

31. Directors’ responsibility statement

Pursuant to the provisions of section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

32. Details of application made or proceedings pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

During the financial year under report, no application was made or proceeding was pending for the company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

33. Details of difference between valuation amount on one time settlement and valuation while availing loan from bank and financial institutions

During the financial year under report, there has been no instance of one time settlement of loans taken from banks and financial institutions.

34. Acknowledgement

Your directors take this opportunity to express their deep and sincere gratitude to the clients, customers, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders of the company for their trust and patronage, as well as to the various bankers, Reserve Bank of India, Securities and Exchange Board of India, Bombay Stock Exchange, Government of India and other regulatory authorities for their continued co-operation, support and guidance.

For and on behalf of the board of directors
KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Chairman & managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year

| (1) Sr. no. | (2) Name of the project | (3) Item from the list of activities in schedule VII of the Act | (4) Local area (yes / no) | (5) Location of the project | | (6) Amount spent for the project (₹) | (7) Mode of implementation – direct (yes / no) | (8) Mode of implementation-through implementing agency | |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| | | | | State | District | | | Name | CSR registration number |
| 1 | Education | Promoting education | No | Gujarat | Botad | 9,00,000 | No | Brahmarshi Gyan Savrdhak Trust | CSR00010542 |
| 2 | Medical | Promotion of healthcare | Yes | Gujarat | Ahmedabad | 1,00,000 | No | Digvijay Lions Dardi Sahayak Trust | CSR00025966 |

(d) Amount spent in administrative overheads: Nil

(e) Amount spent on impact assessment, if applicable: Nil

(f) Total amount spent for the financial year (8b+8c+8d+8e): ₹ 10,00,000/-

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any

| Sr. no. | Particular | Amount (in ₹) |
|---------|---|---------------|
| (i) | Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) | 9,59,363.15 |
| (ii) | Total amount spent for the financial year | 10,00,000 |
| (iii) | Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)] | 40,636.85 |
| (iv) | Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any | - |
| (v) | Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)] | 40,636.85 |

9. (a) Details of unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

| Sr. no. | Preceding financial year | Amount transferred to unspent CSR account under section 135(6) (₹) | Amount spent in the reporting financial year (₹) | Amount transferred to any fund specified under schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any | | | Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years (₹) |
|---------|--------------------------|--|--|---|------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Name of the fund | Amount (₹) | Date of transfer | |
| | | | | | | | |

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): Not applicable

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details)

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s): None

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset: Nil

(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: Not applicable

(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset): Not applicable

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5): Not applicable

For KIFS Financial Services Limited

For KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala

(Chairman of CSR committee and managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Dharmendra N. Soni

(Member of CSR committee and independent director)
(DIN: 01659489)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Annexure – 2**Disclosure as per section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 & rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014**

| Sr. no. | Particulars | Disclosure | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| (i) | Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year | Director's name | Ratio to median remuneration of the employees |
| | | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala - MD | 1.26:1 |
| | | Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala | NA |
| | | Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala | NA |
| | | Mr. Devang M. Shah | NA |
| | | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni | NA |
| (ii) | Percentage increase in remuneration of each director, chief financial officer, chief executive officer, company secretary or manager, if any, in the financial year | Director / CFO / CS | Percentage increase |
| | | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala - MD | Nil |
| | | Other Directors | Nil |
| | | Mr. Bhavik J. Shah - chief financial officer | 10% |
| | | Mr. Durgesh D. Soni – company secretary | 10% |
| (iii) | Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year | 10% | |
| (iv) | Number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as on March 31, 2022 | 7 employees (previous year: 7 employees) | |
| (v) | Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration | Average percentage increase in the managerial remuneration was nil and increase in the salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in the financial year was 11.95%. | |
| (vi) | Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company | The board of directors of the company affirms that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company. | |

Disclosure as per section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 & rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

| Sr. no. in terms of remuneration | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|
| Name of the employee | Mr. Amit Modi | Mr. Durgesh Soni | Mr. Bhavik J. Shah | Mr. Ketan Patel | Mr. Nishit Vyas | Mr. Kiran Jani | Mrs. Juhi Giletwala |
| Designation of the employee | Senior accountant | Company secretary | Chief financial officer | Executive – wealth | Back office executive | Driver | Executive – wealth |
| Remuneration received during FY 2021-22 (in ₹) | 6,33,139/- | 5,63,069/- | 5,09,652/- | 4,75,046/- | 3,90,000/- | 2,91,473/- | 2,50,900/- |
| Nature of employment | Permanent | Permanent | Permanent | Permanent | Permanent | Permanent | Permanent |
| Qualification | B.Com | Company Secretary, M. Com. & LL. B. | B. Com., ICAI Inter & ICMAI Inter | B. Sc. | M. Com. | - | M. Com. & LL. B. |
| Experience | 28 years | 7 years | 20 years | 13 years | 19 years | - | 10 years |
| Date of commencement of employment | November 1, 2018 | May 24, 2016 | September 25, 2010 | July 1, 2013 | December 26, 2007 | - | July 16, 2012 |
| Age of employee (years) | 51 | 28 | 50 | 37 | 39 | 43 | 30 |
| Last employment held before joining the company | Khandwala Enterprise Private Limited | Arfin India Limited | Kunvarji Finstock Private Limited | ICICI Bank, Ahmedabad | Interface Brokerage and Research Limited | - | NA |
| % of equity shares held in the company | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Whether relative of any director, if yes, name of such director | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

For and on behalf of the board of directors
KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Chairman & managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Annexure – 3**FORM MR – 3****SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

(FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022)

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
KIFS Financial Services Limited
(CIN: L67990GJ1995PLC025234)
B – 81, Pariseema Complex,
C. G. Road, Ellisbridge,
Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **KIFS Financial Services Limited** (hereinafter called “the company”) for the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2022. Secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the company has proper board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- I. The company is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution as defined in section 45I (a) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- II. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, according to the provisions of:
 - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the rules made thereunder to the extent applicable;
 - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (“SCRA”) and the rules made thereunder;
 - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the regulations and bye-laws framed thereunder;
 - (iv) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (“FEMA”) and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of foreign direct investment (FDI), overseas direct investment (ODI) and external commercial borrowings (ECB); and
 - (v) The following regulations and guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (“SEBI Act”):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;

- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; and
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

I have also examined compliance of the following to the extent applicable:

- (j) The Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meeting of Board of Directors and General Meetings.
- (k) The Listing Agreements entered into by the company with the Bombay Stock Exchange.

III. I further report that:

- (i) The company has complied with the provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder, with regard to maintenance of minimum public shareholding;
- (ii) The company has complied with the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 and the byelaws framed there under by the depositories with regard to dematerialization / re-materialization of securities and reconciliation of records of dematerialized securities with all securities issued by the company;
- (iii) The company has, complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder as notified by the ministry of corporate affairs and the memorandum and articles of association of the company;
- (iv) The company has complied with the requirements under the equity listing agreements entered into with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited; and
- (v) The company has complied with the requirements of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

IV. I further report that:

- (i) The company has complied with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 including the provisions with regard to disclosures and maintenance of records required under the said regulations;
- (ii) The company has not introduced ESOP / ESPS schemes; therefore, it does not require to comply with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 including the provisions with regard to disclosures and maintenance of records required under the said regulations;
- (iii) There are no FDI transactions in the company. Therefore, the company does not require complying with the relevant provisions of the FEMA, 1999;
- (iv) The company has not bought back equity shares of the company, during the period; therefore, the compliance of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018, as the case may be, does not arise; and
- (v) The company has not delisted any of its securities, during the period, therefore, the compliance of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; does not arise.

- V. I further report that:
- (i) The board of directors of the company is duly constituted with proper balance of executive directors, non - executive directors and independent directors;
 - (ii) Adequate notices are given to all the directors to conduct the meetings of board and its committees. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting;
 - (iii) Majority decision is considered while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes;
 - (iv) The company has obtained all necessary approvals under the various provisions of the Act;
 - (v) There was no prosecution initiated and no fines or penalties imposed during the year under review under the Act, SEBI Act, SCRA, Depositories Act, listing agreement and rules, regulations and guidelines framed under these Acts against / on the company, its directors and officers;
 - (vi) The directors have complied with the disclosure requirements in respect of their eligibility of appointment, their being independent and compliance with the code of business conduct & ethics for directors and managerial personnel.
- VI. I further report that having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the company and on examination of relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, the company has complied with the following laws applicable specifically to the company:
- (i) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and its circulars, master circulars, notifications and directions as prescribed for NBFC companies from time to time.
- VII. I further report that we have not examined compliance by the company with applicable financial laws, income tax laws, goods & service tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.
- VIII. I further report that based on the information received and the records maintained, there are adequate systems and processes in the company that commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
- IX. I further report that, during the audit period, there were no specific events / actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred Laws, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc.

For **Anamika Jajoo & Co.**,
Practicing company secretary

Anamika Jajoo
(Proprietor)
C. P. No.: 13859
ACS No.: 20918

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022
UDIN no. A020918D000790687
Peer review no. 1987/2022
ICSI FRN no. S2016GJ427200

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **ANNEXURE – I** and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure – I

To,
The Members,
KIFS Financial Services Limited
(CIN: L67990GJ1995PLCo25234)
B – 81, Pariseema Complex,
C. G. Road, Ellisbridge,
Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- I. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- II. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- III. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
- IV. Wherever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- V. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- VI. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For **Anamika Jajoo & Co.,**
Practicing company secretary

Anamika Jajoo
(Proprietor)
C. P. No.: 13859
ACS No.: 20918

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022
UDIN no. A020918D000790687
Peer review no. 1987/2022
ICSI FRN no. S2016GJ427200

Annexure - 4

**SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT
OF
KIFS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022**

I, Anamika Jajoo, Proprietor of M/s. Anamika Jajoo & Co., practicing company secretary, Ahmedabad, have examined:

- (a) all the documents and records made available to us and explanation provided by KIFS Financial Services Limited (“the listed entity”),
- (b) the filings / submissions made by the listed entity to the stock exchanges,
- (c) website of the listed entity,
- (d) any other document / filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this certification,

for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 (“review period”) in respect of compliance with the provisions of:

- (a) the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (“SEBI Act”) and the regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder; and
- (b) the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (“SCRA”), rules made thereunder and the regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”);

The specific regulations, whose provisions and the circulars / guidelines issued thereunder, have been examined, include:

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; - N/A
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; - N/A
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; - N/A
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; - N/A
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible and Redeemable Preference Shares) Regulations, 2013; - N/A
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (i) (other regulations as applicable) and circulars / guidelines issued there under;-N/A
- and based on the above examination, I / we hereby report that, during the review period:

- (a) The listed entity has complied with the provisions of the above regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder, except in respect of matters specified below:

| Sr. no. | Compliance requirement (regulations / circulars / guidelines including specific clause) | Deviations | Observations / remarks of the practicing company secretary |
|---------|---|------------|--|
| 1. | nil | nil | nil |

- (b) The listed entity has maintained proper records under the provisions of the above regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder in so far as it appears from my / our examination of those records.

- (c) The following are the details of actions taken against the listed entity / its promoters / directors / material subsidiaries either by SEBI or by stock exchanges (including under the standard operating procedures issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts / regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder:

| Sr. no. | Action taken by | Details of violation | Details of action taken e.g. fines, warning letter, debarment, etc. | Observations / remarks of the practicing company secretary, if any |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|---|--|
| 1. | nil | nil | nil | nil |

- (d) The listed entity has taken the following actions to comply with the observations made in previous reports:

| Sr. no. | Observations of the practicing company secretary in the previous report for the year 2020-21 | Observations made in the secretarial compliance report for the year 2020-21 | Actions taken by the listed entity, if any | Comments of the practicing company secretary on the actions taken by the listed entity |
|---------|---|--|---|---|
| 1. | Violation of regulation 17(1) of the SEBI LODR, 2015 for comprising of less than 6 directors in the BOD of company from April, 2020 to December, 2020 | As per clarification given by the management and audit of records, the company being an NBFC, it was mandatory for it to obtain prior approval of RBI for appointment of executive director for which RBI took some time to accord its prior approval and while granting such approval RBI also advised the company to follow the prescribed procedure of RBI's master directions DNBR.PD.007 /03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 i.e. publication of one month's prior public notice in newspapers. The company accordingly complied with such requirements and appointed executive director and made optimum composition of board of directors. The matter is pending before the waiver committee of BSE. | Request application made by the company to BSE for waiver of fines and penalty under regulation (17)1 of the SEBI (LODR) 2015 | The request of company for waiver of fines / penalties under regulation 17(1) has been approved by "Committee for Reviewing Representations for Waiver of Fines Levied under Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)" informed via mail dated October 27, 2021 |

For **Anamika Jajoo & Co.**,
Practicing company secretary

Anamika Jajoo
(Proprietor)
C. P. no.: 13859
ACS no.: 20918

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: A020918D000426543
Peer Review No.: 1987/2022
FRN/UCN: S2016GJ427200

Management discussion and analysis report

I. Industry structure and developments

The Indian economy grew by 8.7% in 2021-22 while GDP growth slowed to 4.1% in Q4 2021-22. The growth in FY 2022 was driven by investment and consumer demand, increased exports and was supported by fiscal and monetary policies. The consumer price index (CPI) inflation in India stood at 6.95% in March 2022 and have since then moved upwards to touch an 8-year high of 7.79% recorded for April 2022. The Reserve Bank of India expects CPI inflation to be at 6.7% in FY2023.

GDP in India

| Year | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| India's GDP | 7.0% | 6.1% | 4.2% | (6.6%) | 8.7% |

Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MOSPI)

The RBI maintained adequate liquidity to support its accommodative stance throughout the year. It resorted to rebalancing liquidity on a dynamic basis without compromising systemic liquidity. Moreover, the RBI kept its key policy rates including repo rate, reverse repo rate and bank rate unchanged at 4%, 3.35% and 4.25% respectively throughout FY2022.

The systemic importance of the NBFC sector:

- NBFCs were the largest net borrowers of funds from the financial system, with gross payables of ₹ 12.06 lakh crore and gross receivables of ₹ 1.65 lakh crore as of 30 September 2021. HFCs were the second largest net borrowers of funds from the financial system, with gross payables of ₹ 7.38 lakh crore and gross receivables of ₹ 0.61 lakh crore as of 30 September 2021.
- Over the last five years, NBFC's assets have grown at cumulative average growth rate of 17.9%.
- Credit delivery growth of NBFCs in terms of the share of GDP has grown from 8.6% in FY2013 to 13.7% in FY2021.

II. Opportunities and threats

To carry success story forward, the organization needs to evaluate the opportunities & threats and synchronize its plans with them.

Opportunities

- Company's excellent customer service and strong experience and brand recognition
- Bank-NBFC co-lending model
- Continuing demand of working capital
- Government initiatives for startups
- Growing digitalization and analytics
- Underserved retail sector
- Low retail penetration of financial services / products
- Strong managerial capabilities
- Integration of various financial services in the group

Threats

The company believes to be exposed to the following type of risks:

- Tightening regulation of NBFCs
- Global economic slowdown
- Market fluctuations
- Uncertain global political environment
- Competitions from banks and other NBFCs
- Volatility of business cycle
- Increasing cost of funding

III. Segment-wise / product-wise performance

The company is engaged into a single segment of finance and thus separate segment wise performance details aren't given. Income from interest on loans has been increased to ₹ 32,71,30,003/- in compare to ₹ 20,92,43,533/- for the previous financial year showing YoY growth of 56.34%. The company didn't generate any mutual fund distribution commission income during the financial year as compared to ₹ 77,452/-for the previous financial year ended on March 31, 2021.

IV. Outlook

The NBFC sector is expected to deliver double-digit loan growth in FY 2023, on top of 6-8% growth projected for FY 2022. This will be driven by improvement in economic activity and strengthened balance sheets of NBFCs.

However the outlook also appears to be impacted by global spill over effects reflecting in rising inflation and tightening interest rates. The service sector which accounts for more than half the Indian economy was most impacted on account of the COVID-19 restrictions especially for activities that needed human contact. The financial, real estate and the public administration segments are now well above the pre-pandemic levels. However, contact sensitive segments like travel, trade and hotels are yet to reach the pre-pandemic levels of value added.

The regulatory framework for NBFCs was revised in October 2021 to introduce scale-based regulation, which will become effective in October 2022. Under the new framework, NBFCs are placed in four layers based on their size, activity, and perceived risks, viz., Base Layer (BL), Middle Layer (ML), Upper Layer (UL) and a possible Top Layer (TL). The new framework will tighten regulatory oversight of the sector with progressively tighter norms for the higher layers.

NBFCs in the Base Layer will be non-deposit-taking NBFCs, with assets worth up to ₹ 1,000 crore. These will be broadly subjected to extant regulations for non-deposit-taking NBFCs, except for changes in governance and prudential guidelines.

NBFCs in the Middle Layer will include deposit-taking NBFCs irrespective of asset size, non-deposit-taking firms with assets worth ₹ 1,000 crore or more, as well as HFCs. These will be regulated on the lines of systemically important non-deposit-taking NBFCs, deposit-taking NBFCs, and HFCs, as the case may be, except for changes in capital, prudential and governance guidelines.

NBFCs lying in the Upper Layer will include top-10 NBFCs as per size and NBFCs that warrant enhanced regulatory requirements based on certain parameters. These will be subject to regulations applicable to NBFCs in the Middle Layer, with additions such as introduction of common equity tier 1 and leverage requirements, mandatory listing, qualification of Board members and the like.

V. Risks and concerns

The company is exposed to specific risks that are particular to its business and the environment within which it operates, including interest rate volatility, economic cycle, credit and market risks. Risk is an integral part of the business and almost every business decision requires the management to balance risk and reward. For the company, risk management forms an integral part of the business operations and monitoring activities. The risk is managed through risk management framework approved by the risk management committee established by the board, considering independent identification, measurement and management of risk for the business operations and activities of the company.

The risk management oversight structure includes committees of the board and senior management. KIFS recognizes that the risks need to be managed to protect its customers, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders, to achieve its business objectives and to enable the sustainable growth. Although the board recognizes presence of these risks, but there are no risks which in the opinion of the board threaten the existence of the company. On-going monitoring by the management helps in identifying the risks at an early stage. Experience team members identify and monitor these risks on an on-going basis and control the same to keep the risks to minimum levels.

VI. Internal control systems and their adequacy

The company has a proper and adequate system of internal control in all spheres of its activities to ensure that all its assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported diligently. The internal control is supplemented by an effective internal audit being carried out by an external firm of chartered accountants. The company ensures adherence to all internal control policies and procedures as well as compliances with all regulatory guidelines. The audit committee of the board of directors reviews the adequacy of internal controls.

The main purposes of the internal control systems are:

- assurance about the fact that the transactions are recorded in proper manner and under proper heads;
- conducting business efficiently;
- automatic and independent checking of transactions so as to ensure their validity;
- to check and assure the compliance of various enactments like corporate laws, tax laws etc;
- to prevent and early detection of frauds and malpractices, if any; and
- to ensure timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The internal control system is supplemented by an extensive program of internal audit and reviews by the senior management. Adherence to these processes is ensured through frequent internal audits to assess and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control, operations and processes. To ensure independence, the internal audit function has a reporting line to the audit committee of the board. The management regularly reviews the findings and recommendations of the internal auditors so as to continuously monitor and improve internal controls to match the organisation's pace of growth and increasing complexity of operations as well as to meet the changes in statutory and accounting requirements.

The audit committee of the board of respective companies reviews the performance of the audit and the adequacy of internal control systems and compliance with regulatory guidelines. Significant deviations are brought to the notice of the audit committee of the respective companies and corrective measures are recommended for implementation. The audit committee provides necessary oversight and directions to the internal audit function and periodically reviews the findings and ensures corrective measures are taken. This system enables us to achieve efficiency and effectiveness of operations, reliability and completeness of financial and management information and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

VII. Financial performance with respect to operational performance

The overall financial performance of the company during the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 is simplified in tabular form as under:

| Sr. no. | Particulars | March 31, 2022 (₹ in lakhs) | March 31, 2021 (₹ in lakhs) |
|---------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Total revenue | 3,271.30 | 2,103.56 |
| 2 | Profit before interest, depreciation and tax | 3,174.19 | 2,056.26 |
| 3 | Depreciation | 37.99 | 2.55 |
| 4 | Finance cost | 2,314.01 | 1,545.86 |
| 5 | Tax | 209.57 | 129.13 |
| 6 | Profit after tax | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| 7 | Net profit margin (%) | 18.73% | 18.09% |
| 8 | EPS (basic and diluted) (amount in ₹) | 5.66 | 3.50 |

VIII. Human resources / industrial relations

The Company has established a robust Human Resources ('HR') system that nurtures a high performing, conducive and inclusive work culture. In an environment that is rapidly becoming technology and digital oriented, your Company continues to invest in long term people development. We promote an atmosphere of inclusion, by encouraging the next level of employees to take higher responsibilities.

The company strongly believes that its human resources are critical to its success and carrying forward its mission. With their sustained, determined and able work efforts the company has been able to cruise smoothly through the hard time of the economic volatility and rapidly changing market conditions. By creating conducive environment for career growth, company always tries to achieve the maximum utilization of employee's skills in the most possible way. Board of directors thanks all of the employees for their valuable contribution towards the growth of the company.

There were no cases of sexual harassment of woman at work place. Also, there are no instances of child labour / forced labour / involuntary labour and discriminatory employment during the year.

There are 7 employees employed by the company on payroll as on March 31, 2022. Industrial relations throughout the year continued to remain very cordial and satisfactory.

IX. Key financial ratios

| Key indicators | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | Change (%) |
|---|---------|---------|------------|
| PBT / total income (%) | 25.13 | 24.14 | 4.10 |
| PBT / total assets (%) | 2.74 | 2.56 | 7.03 |
| Interest coverage ratio (x) (EBIDTA / Interest) | 1.37 | 1.33 | 3.01 |
| Debt / equity (x) | 6.35 | 4.52 | 40.49 |
| Net profit margin (%) | 18.73 | 18.09 | 3.54 |
| Return on net worth (%) | 15.37 | 10.79 | 42.45 |

Profit before tax (%) in the proportion of total income has shown upward trend of 4.10% as compared to that of last year. Total expenses including finance cost have also been increased by 53.48% mainly because 49.69% incline in the finance cost and 1,387.99% incline in depreciation expense and profit before tax remained at ₹ 822.20 lakhs compared to ₹ 507.84 lakhs for previous financial year. Net profit margin stands at 18.73% as compared to 18.09% for the previous financial year ended on March 31, 2021.

Cautionary statement

Certain statements in this annual report including the management discussion and analysis report describing the company's objectives, predictions may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may vary significantly from the forward looking statements contained in this document due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India, volatility in interest rates, new regulations and government policies that may impact the company's business as well as its ability to implement the strategies. The company does not undertake to update these statements.

Corporate governance report

I. Company's philosophy on code of corporate governance

The company's philosophy on corporate governance is founded on the fundamental ideologies of the group viz., trust, value and service. It has been a constant endeavor on the part of the company to achieve excellence in corporate governance by following the principles of transparency, accountability and integrity in functioning, so as to constantly striving to enhance value for all the stakeholders and society in general. The company's governance framework is based on the principles of appropriate composition and size of the board with each member bringing in expertise in their respective domains; timely disclosure of material operational and financial information to the stakeholders; proper systems and processes of internal control as well as proper business conduct by the board, senior management and employees.

II. Board of directors

a. Composition of the board

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, the appointment of Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala, made on January 25, 2021 as an additional executive director, was regularized by the approval of shareholders taken at their annual general meeting held on September 28, 2021. The board is mainly headed by Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala who is chairman & managing director of the company. The independent directors on the board are experienced, competent and reputed persons from their respective fields. The independent directors take active part at the board and committee meetings, which adds vision, strategic direction and value in the decision making process of the board of directors. As at March 31, 2022, the composition of board is given herein below:

- Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala (Executive chairman, managing, non independent director)
- Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala (Executive, non independent director)
- Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala (Non executive, non independent, woman director)
- Mr. Devang M. Shah (Non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni (Non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Sharvil Suthar (Non executive, independent director)

b. Attendance of each director at the board meetings and at the last annual general meeting

The board meets at least once a quarter to review the quarterly financial results and operations of your company. In addition, the board has also constituted a managing committee to look after other managerial affairs of the company when it is not feasible to the board to convene a meeting.

Attendance of each director at the board meetings and at the last 26th annual general meeting (AGM) (held on September 28, 2021) is as under:

| Sr. no. | Name of director | Dates of board meetings and attendance | | | | 26 th AGM |
|---------|-------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | June 26, 2021 | August 13, 2021 | November 12, 2021 | February 10, 2022 | |
| 1 | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 2 | Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 3 | Mr. Devang M. Shah | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 4 | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 5 | Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 6 | Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

✓ denotes presence

c. Number of other board of directors or committees in which a director is a member or chairperson (as on March 31, 2022)

| Sr. no. | Name of director | Relationship inter-se directors | No. of other directorships (other than KIFS Financial Services Limited) | No. of board committees (other than KIFS Financial Services Limited) | |
|---------|-------------------------|---|---|--|--------|
| | | | | Chairman | Member |
| 1 | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | Spouse of Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala and brother of Vimal P. Khandwala | 6 | 1 | 5 |
| 2 | Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala | Brother of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | 10 | 6 | 4 |

| Sr. no. | Name of director | Relationship inter-se directors | No. of other directorships (other than KIFS Financial Services Limited) | No. of board committees (other than KIFS Financial Services Limited) | |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------|
| | | | | Chairman | Member |
| 3 | Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala | Spouse of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | - | - | - |
| 4 | Mr. Devang M. Shah | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar | - | - | - | - |

d. Number and dates of board meetings held

Please refer point b. above

e. Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se

Please refer point c. above

f. Number of equity shares and convertible instruments held by the non executive directors

| Sr. no. | Name of the non executive director | No. of equity shares held as on March 31, 2022 | No. of convertible instruments held as on March 31, 2022 |
|---------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Mr. Devang M. Shah | - | Not issued by the company |
| 2 | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni | 180 | |
| 3 | Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala | - | |
| 4 | Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar | - | |

g. Web link of details of familiarization programmes imparted to the independent directors

Following is the web link of familiarization programmes imparted to the independent directors of the company:

<http://www.kifsfinance.com/independent-directors-familiarization-program/index.html>

h. Matrix / table containing skills / expertise / competence of the board of directors

The board members are from diversified areas having the required knowledge, competency, skills and experience to effectively discharge their responsibilities. The range of experience of the board members includes in the areas of primary market, secondary market, mutual funds, arbitrage operations, banking & finance, taxation and legal.

The company has identified and broadly categorized its core skills, expertise and competencies as mentioned hereunder:

Matrix / table of core skills, expertise and competencies of board of directors as whole:

| Particulars | Detailed list of core skills, expertise and competencies |
|--------------|--|
| Core Skills | Strategic policy formulation and advising, regulatory framework knowledge, financial performance, advising on Risk mitigation and compliance requirements |
| Expertise | Knowledge of stock market, commercial acumen and able to guide in building the right environment for human assets development |
| Competencies | Strategic leadership, execution of policies framed by the board, identifying the growth areas for expanding the business in India and outside India and advising on business risks & environment |

All the board members i.e. Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala, Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala, Mr. Devang M. Shah and Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni possess the requisite skills, expertise and competencies as mentioned above in the table. Also Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar is a practicing company secretary by profession and possesses the requisite knowledge of corporate governance, knowledge of stock market and corporate advisory skills.

i. Confirmation of the board regarding the independent directors

The board of directors confirms that in the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time and are independent of the management.

III. Audit committee**a. Brief description of terms of reference**

The audit committee reviews the matters falling in its terms of reference and addresses larger issues and examines those facts that could be of vital concerns to the company. The committee acts as a link between the statutory and the internal auditors and the board of directors of the company. It is authorized to select and establish accounting policies, review reports of the statutory and the internal auditors and meet with them to discuss their findings, suggestions and other related matters. It is authorized to, inter alia, review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, effectiveness of the audit process, oversight the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information, reviewing with the management the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the board for approval, examination of the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, approval of transactions of the company with its related parties including subsequent modifications thereof, grant omnibus approvals subject to fulfillment of certain conditions, scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments, valuation of undertakings or assets of the company wherever it is necessary, evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems etc.

The committee is empowered to review, inter alia, the remuneration payable to the statutory auditors and internal auditors and to recommend a change in the auditors, if felt necessary. It is also empowered to review the management discussion and analysis of financial conditions and results of operations and statement of significant related party transactions. Further, the committee is also authorized to oversee the functioning of the whistle blower policy / vigil mechanism.

Generally all the items listed in section 177(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 and point A of part C of the schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are covered under the roles of the audit committee. The audit committee has been granted powers as prescribed under provisions of the regulation 18(2)(c) of the aforesaid regulations and reviews all the information as prescribed in point B of the part C of the schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Composition of the audit committee

During the financial year under report and as at March 31, 2022, following directors were the members of the audit committee:

- Mr. Devang M. Shah (Committee chairman, non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni (Committee member, non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala (Committee member, executive, managing, non independent director)

All members of the audit committee have the requisite qualification for appointment on the committee and possess sound knowledge of finance, accounting practices and internal controls.

Mr. Durgesh D. Soni, company secretary & compliance officer acts as secretary of the committee.

b. Meetings and attendance

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, five meetings of the audit committee were held on (i) May 22, 2021, (ii) June 26, 2021, (iii) August 13, 2021, (iv) November 12, 2021 and (v) February 10, 2022.

All the three members of the audit committee had attended all the audit committee meetings held during the financial year under report. The audit committee members have waived off the sitting fee for the audit committee meeting held on May 22, 2021.

IV. Nomination and remuneration committee**a. Brief description of terms of reference**

The constitution and the terms of reference of the nomination and remuneration committee are in compliance with the provisions of section 178(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The role of the nomination and remuneration committee is to establish criteria for selection to the board with respect to the competencies, qualifications, experience, track record and integrity, and recommend candidates for board membership, develop and recommend policies with

respect to composition of the board commensurate with the size, nature of the business and operations of the company.

According to the provisions of point A of part D of the schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the roles / terms of reference of the nomination and remuneration committee include:

- formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- for every appointment of an independent director, evaluation of the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the board and on the basis of such evaluation, preparation of a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director and also to ensure that the person recommended to the board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the committee may:
 - a. use the services of an external agencies, if required;
 - b. consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
 - c. consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal;
- whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors; and
- recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

b. Composition of the nomination and remuneration committee

During the financial year under report and as at March 31, 2022, following directors were the members of the nomination and remuneration committee:

- Mr. Devang M. Shah (Committee chairman, non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni (Committee member, non executive, independent director)
- Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala (Committee member, non executive, non independent director)

Mr. Durgesh D. Soni, company secretary & compliance officer acts as secretary of the committee.

c. Meetings and attendance

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, one meeting of the nomination and remuneration committee was held on June 17, 2021 with unanimous presence.

d. Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors

The performance evaluation of the independent directors of the company is made on the basis of their presence in the board and committee meetings, their approach of implementation of activities of the independent directors' familiarization programmes, their suggestions and advices for the betterment of business of the company, taking active part in the formulation of future plans of the company and performing the duties as entrusted by the provisions of the law and from the board of directors, from time to time etc.

V. Remuneration of the directors

a. Pecuniary relationship or transactions of the non executive directors vis-à-vis company

During the financial year under report, the company has compensated the non executive independent directors by way of paying them sitting fees for attending the board and audit committee meetings. Apart from above, no transaction for payment of any sum has been made with non executive directors vis-à-vis your company.

b. Criteria for making payments to the non executive directors

The criteria of making payments to the non executive directors are enumerated in the nomination and remuneration policy adopted by the board and uploaded on the website of the company at the web link given below:

<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/Nomination-Remuneration-policy-KIFS.pdf>

C. Remuneration of directors

(amount in ₹)

| Sr. no. | Name of the director | Basic salary* / sitting fee [#] | Other benefits | Stock option & pensions | Fixed and performance linked incentives | Stock options | Total |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | 6,00,000* | - | - | - | - | 6,00,000 |
| 2 | Mr. Vimal P. Khandwala | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | Mrs. Sonal R. Khandwala | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | Mr. Devang M. Shah | 40,000 [#] | - | - | - | - | 40,000 |
| 5 | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni [§] | 40,000 [#] | - | - | - | - | 40,000 |
| 6 | Mr. Sharvil B. Suthar | 20,000 [#] | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| | Total | 7,00,000 | - | - | - | - | 7,00,000 |

Further, none of the directors has been appointed on service contract basis. The notice period and severance fees are decided based on the mutual understandings between the board members from time to time.

VI. Stakeholders' grievance committee

As on March 31, 2022, the committee was constituted with the following members:

- Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni (Committee chairman, non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Devang M. Shah (Committee member, non executive, independent director)
- Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala (Committee member, executive, managing, non independent director)

Mr. Durgesh D. Soni, company secretary of the company acts as secretary of the committee and Mr. Soni has also been designated as compliance officer of the company under the provisions of regulation 6 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, three meetings of the stakeholders' grievance committee were held on (i) June 26, 2021, (ii) August 13, 2021, and (iii) February 10, 2022.

During the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, the company did not receive any investor complaint.

VII. General body meetings**a. Dates, time and places of last three annual general meetings (AGMs)**

| AGM | Date | Time | Place |
|---|-----------------------------|---------|---|
| 26 th AGM for the financial year 2020-21 | Tuesday, September 28, 2021 | 4.00 pm | Through electronic mode [video conference ("VC") or other audio visual means ("OAVM")] |
| 25 th AGM for the financial year 2019-20 | Tuesday, September 29, 2020 | 4.00 pm | Through electronic mode [video conference ("VC") or other audio visual means ("OAVM")] |
| 24 th AGM for the financial year 2018-19 | Friday, September 27, 2019 | 4.00 pm | Registered office: B-81, Pariseema Complex, C. G. Road, Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India. |

b. Special resolution(s) passed in the previous three annual general meetings

| AGM | Particulars of special resolutions passed |
|---|---|
| 26 th AGM for the financial year 2020-21 | Nil |
| 25 th AGM for the financial year 2019-20 | Nil |
| 24 th AGM for the financial year 2018-19 | Nil |

c. Special resolution(s) passed during the year through postal ballot

No resolution was passed during the financial year under report by way of postal ballot.

d. Persons who conducted postal ballot exercise

Please refer point c. above.

e. Whether any special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot

No special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot, however a special resolution is proposed to be passed in the ensuing annual general meeting to be held through electronic mode [video conference (“VC”) or other audio visual means (“OAVM”)] w.r.t. re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala as an executive chairman and managing director of the company.

VIII. Means of communication

The annual, half yearly and quarterly financial results of the company and other notices are submitted to the Bombay Stock Exchange in accordance with the provisions of the listing regulations and the same are generally being published in The Indian Express – English language and The Financial Express – Gujarati vernacular language newspapers. The results and other notices are simultaneously posted on the company website i.e. www.kifsfinance.com. The official news releases, as & when given, are displayed at the website of the company.

IX. General shareholder information

a. Annual general meeting

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Date | : | Tuesday, September 27, 2022 |
| Time | : | 4:00 pm |
| Venue | : | Through video conference or other audio visual means |
| Record date | : | Tuesday, September 20, 2022 |

b. Financial year

| | | |
|--------------------|---|---------------------|
| Financial year | : | April 1 to March 31 |
| Tentative calendar | : | |

| | |
|---|--|
| First quarter result | Within 45 days from closure of quarter ending on June 30, 2022 |
| Second quarter / half yearly result | Within 45 days from closure of quarter / half year ending on September 30, 2022 |
| Third quarter result | Within 45 days from closure of quarter ending on December 31, 2022 |
| Results for the financial year ending on March 31, 2022 | Within 60 days from closure of quarter / financial year ending on March 31, 2023 |

* Subject to additional relaxation(s), if any, granted by respective authorities

c. Dividend payment dates

The final dividend, if declared for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, in the ensuing annual general meeting shall be paid on or before Thursday, October 27, 2022.

d. Listing of securities

During the financial year under report, the equity shares of the company were listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange situated at P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001, Maharashtra, India. Your company has paid the listing fees to the Bombay Stock Exchange for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 as well as financial year ending on March 31, 2023.

e. Scrip / stock code

| | | |
|------|---|--------------|
| BSE | : | 535566 |
| ISIN | : | INE902D01013 |

f. Market price data of the equity shares of the company (BSE Portal)

| Months | High (₹) | Low (₹) | Closing (₹) | Volume (No. of shares) |
|-------------|----------|---------|-------------|------------------------|
| 2021 | | | | |
| April | 48.00 | 34.00 | 39.50 | 6,433 |
| May | 41.45 | 35.55 | 37.75 | 13,106 |
| June | 44.30 | 34.70 | 40.95 | 52,217 |
| July | 43.90 | 37.50 | 43.00 | 34,138 |
| August | 43.25 | 34.50 | 37.00 | 21,371 |
| September | 42.75 | 36.00 | 38.65 | 25,525 |
| October | 41.65 | 32.55 | 39.00 | 22,873 |
| November | 41.90 | 37.00 | 39.95 | 23,273 |
| December | 45.00 | 36.35 | 43.50 | 18,681 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 170.20 | 43.45 | 170.20 | 2,21,203 |

| Months | High (₹) | Low (₹) | Closing (₹) | Volume (No. of shares) |
|----------|----------|---------|-------------|---------------------------|
| February | 336.45 | 178.70 | 223.90 | 1,26,575 |
| March | 305.00 | 164.70 | 236.10 | 1,39,306 |

g. Performance in compare to broad based indices (BSE sensx)

| Months | Month closing prices of BSE sensx index (₹) | % Increase / (decrease) in compare to previous month | Month closing prices of company's equity shares on BSE (₹) | % increase / (decrease) in compare to previous month |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| 2021 | | | | |
| April | 48,782.36 | (1.47) | 39.50 | (3.66) |
| May | 51,937.44 | 6.47 | 37.75 | (4.43) |
| June | 52,482.71 | 1.05 | 40.95 | 8.48 |
| July | 52,586.84 | 0.20 | 43.00 | 5.01 |
| August | 57,552.39 | 9.44 | 37.00 | (13.95) |
| September | 59,126.36 | 2.73 | 38.65 | 4.46 |
| October | 59,306.93 | 0.31 | 39.00 | 0.91 |
| November | 57,064.87 | (3.78) | 39.95 | 2.44 |
| December | 58,253.82 | 2.08 | 43.50 | 8.89 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 58,014.17 | (0.41) | 170.20 | 291.26 |
| February | 56,247.28 | (3.05) | 223.90 | 31.55 |
| March | 58,568.51 | 4.13 | 236.10 | 5.45 |

h. No suspension of trading

During the financial year under report and during any of the previous financial years, the securities of the company were never suspended from trading on any of the stock exchange(s).

i. Registrar and share transfer agent

Link Intime India Private Limited is acting as registrar & share transfer agent of the company for physical and demat segment. Their address for communication is as under:

Link Intime India Private Limited,

506-508, Amarnath Business Center – 1, Besides Gala Business Center,

Nr. St. Xavier's College Corner, Off C. G. Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380009, Gujarat, India.

Ph. no.: +91 79 26465179, 86, 87, Fax: +91 79 26465179,

Email: ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in, Website: www.linkintime.co.in

j. Share transfer system

Share transfer work of physical segment is attended by the company's registrar & share transfer agent Link Intime India Private Limited. The shares lodged for transfer are processed and share certificates duly endorsed are returned within the stipulated time, subject to documents being valid and complete in all respects.

A summary of approved transfers, transmissions, deletion requests, etc., are placed before the board of directors / stakeholders' grievance committee from time to time as per the listing regulations. Your company obtains a compliance certificate from a company secretary in practice as required under the listing regulations (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force) and files the same with the Bombay Stock Exchange.

k. Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2022

| No. of equity share held | No. of shareholders | % of shareholders | No. of equity shares held | % of shareholding |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Upto 500 | 2,129 | 94.75% | 1,10,583 | 1.02% |
| 501 to 1,000 | 46 | 2.05% | 36,826 | 0.34% |
| 1,001 to 2,000 | 23 | 1.02% | 33,320 | 0.31% |
| 2,001 to 3,000 | 12 | 0.53% | 30,820 | 0.28% |
| 3,001 to 4,000 | 5 | 0.22% | 18,745 | 0.17% |
| 4,001 to 5,000 | 4 | 0.18% | 17,721 | 0.16% |

| No. of equity share held | No. of shareholders | % of shareholders | No. of equity shares held | % of shareholding |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 7 | 0.31% | 54,026 | 0.50% |
| 10,001 and above | 21 | 0.93% | 1,05,15,959 | 97.21% |
| Total | 2,247 | 100.00% | 1,08,18,000 | 100.00% |

Category of shareholders as on March 31, 2022

| Category | No. of shareholders | % of shareholders | No. of equity shares held | % of shareholding |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| A. Promoter & promoter group shareholding | | | | |
| Body corporate | 1 | 0.04 | 80,50,000 | 74.41 |
| B. Public shareholding | | | | |
| (a) Body corporate | 8 | 0.36 | 5,28,579 | 4.89 |
| (b) Resident individuals | 2,185 | 97.24 | 20,45,393 | 18.91 |
| (c) HUF | 28 | 1.25 | 19,813 | 0.18 |
| (d) NRI | 7 | 0.31 | 391 | 0.00 |
| (e) Clearing members | 16 | 0.71 | 1,264 | 0.01 |
| (f) IEPF authority | 1 | 0.04 | 1,72,460 | 1.59 |
| (g) Trusts | 1 | 0.04 | 100 | 0.00 |
| Total | 2,247 | 100.00% | 1,08,18,000 | 100.00% |

I. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

The company's equity shares have been allotted ISIN (INE902D01013) both by the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

1,07,64,520 equity shares representing 99.51% of the paid up equity share capital of the company have been dematerialized till March 31, 2022.

Holding as on March 31, 2022

| Mode of holding | No. of equity shares | % of total paid up capital |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Electronic – CDSL | 12,12,254 | 11.21% |
| Electronic – NSDL | 95,52,266 | 88.30% |
| Physical | 53,480 | 0.49% |
| Total | 1,08,18,000 | 100.00% |

For information relating to liquidity / number of traded shares for respective months during the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, please refer point f. above.

m. Outstanding GDRs / ADRs / warrant(s) / convertible instrument(s)

The company has not issued any of the securities stated above.

n. Commodity price risk / foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

The nature of business of the company doesn't involve any commodity price risk / foreign exchange risk and doesn't require any hedging activities.

o. Plant locations

Being an NBFC, your company does not have any manufacturing plant.

p. Address for correspondence

Company

Mr. Durgesh D. Soni, company secretary & compliance officer,
KIFS Financial Services Limited,
B-81, Pariseema Complex, C. G. Road, Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.
Ph no.: +91 79 26400140, 740, Fax: +91 79 26403717, Email: cs@kifs.co.in, Website: www.kifsfinance.com

Registrar and share transfer agent

Link Intime India Private Limited,
506-508, Amarnath Business Center – 1, Besides Gala Business Center,

Nr. St. Xavier's College Corner, Off C. G. Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380009, Gujarat, India.
Ph. no.: +91 79 26465179, 86, 87, Fax: +91 79 26465179,
Email: ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in, Website: www.linkintime.co.in

q. List of all credit ratings obtained by the entity along with any revisions thereto during the relevant financial year, for all debt instruments of such entity or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal of the listed entity involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad

The company did not avail any credit rating for any of its facilities. The details of last credit rating provided by CARE is as under:

The CARE Ratings Limited has vide its letter dated May 31, 2019, provided the credit rating to the company for its facilities as given below:

| Facilities | Amount (₹ Crore) | Rating | |
|--|---|--------------------|--|
| | | ICRA (old) | CARE (revised) |
| Long-term / short-term bank facilities (over draft against fixed deposits) | 25.00 | ICRA BBB+ (stable) | CARE BBB+; Stable/CARE A2 (Triple B Plus; Outlook: Stable/ A Two) |
| | | | |
| Total facilities | 25.00 (Rupees Twenty Five Crores Only) | | |

X. Other disclosures

a. The company doesn't have any material significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of the listed entity at large.

b. No penalties or strictures have been imposed on the company by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets during last three financial years.

c. Pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013, rules framed thereunder and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the company has duly established a vigil mechanism / whistle blower policy for directors and employees of the company. Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, managing director of the company does hereby affirm that no personnel are being denied access to the audit committee to report genuine concerns in this regard.

d. The company has complied with all mandatory requirements of the listing regulations to the extent applicable. Also the BSE waiver committee has approved the waiver request made by the company for alleged non-compliance of provisions of regulation 17(1) of the SEBI LODR considering the fact that instance of delay in appointment of one executive director was happened as the company being an NBFC had to obtain RBI's prior approval for appointment of any executive director and RBI took some time to accord its prior approval and while granting such approval RBI also advised the company to follow the prescribed procedure of RBI's master directions DNBR.PD.007 /03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 i.e. publication of one month's prior public notice in newspapers. The company accordingly complied with such requirements and appointed executive director and made optimum composition of board of directors.

e. The company doesn't have any subsidiary and thus it has not adopted any policy for determination of material subsidiaries.

f. Web link of the policy on dealing with related party transactions is as follows:
<http://kifsfinance.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/RPT-Policy-KIFS.pdf>

g. The nature of business of the company doesn't involve any commodity price risk / foreign exchange risk and doesn't require any hedging activities.

h. During the financial year under report, the company didn't raise any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under regulation 32 (7A).

i. **A compliance certificate** from M/s. Anamika Jajoo & Co., practicing company secretary, confirming that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the board / ministry of corporate affairs or any such authority is attached as annexure to this corporate governance report.

- j. There was no such instance during the financial year 2021-22 when the board of directors had not accepted recommendation(s), if any, made by any of the committee(s) of the board of directors of the company.
- k. Statutory audit fees of ₹ 75,000/- have been paid by the company to M/s. Bimal Shah Associates (FRN-101505W) for agreed services between the company and the said firm of auditors for the financial year 2021-22.
- l. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
- number of complaints filed / received during the financial year – nil
 - number of complaints disposed of during the financial year – not applicable
 - number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year – not applicable

XI. Non compliance and reason(s) thereof

The company has complied with all the provisions of corporate governance related to the matters enumerated in the point II to X above for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 to the extent applicable.

XII. Adoption of discretionary requirements

Please refer point X(d.) above.

XIII. Disclosures of compliance with corporate governance specified in regulation 17 to 27 and regulation 46(2)(b) to (i) of the listing regulations

The company is in compliance with the corporate governance requirements specified in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (listing regulations) for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, to the extent applicable.

XIV. Code of conduct

The board of directors has adopted a code of conduct & policy for the directors and senior management personnel. This code is a comprehensive code applicable to all executives as well as non executive directors and members of the senior management. A copy of the code has been hosted on the company's website at following web link:

<http://kifsfinance.com/code-of-conduct-policy/>

The code has been circulated to all the members of the board and senior management personnel and compliance of the same has been affirmed by them. A declaration signed by the managing director in this regard is given below:

“I, Rajesh P. Khandwala, managing director of the company, hereby confirm that:

the company has obtained from all the members of the board and senior management personnel of the company, affirmation that they have complied with the code of conduct & policy framed for the directors and senior management personnel in respect to the financial year 2021-22.”

Yours' sincerely,
For KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

XV. Compliance certificate on corporate governance

A certificate from statutory auditors of the company regarding compliance of conditions of the corporate governance is attached at the end of this corporate governance report.

XVI. Disclosure with respect to demat suspense account / unclaimed suspense account

| | | IEPF account | Unclaimed suspense account |
|-----|---|---|--------------------------------|
| (a) | Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year i.e. April 1, 2021 | 1,68,640 equity shares via 1,526 folios | Nil |
| (b) | Number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year | Nil | Nil |
| (c) | Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year | Nil | Nil |
| (d) | Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year i.e. March 31, 2022 | 1,72,460 equity shares via 1,537 folios | 720 equity shares via 9 folios |

Shareholders are requested to make sure encashment of their dividend to avoid transfer of their shares to the investor education and protection fund unnecessarily.

XVII. MD & CFO certification

Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, managing director & Mr. Bhavik J. Shah, chief financial officer heading finance functions have certified to the board, inter-alia the accuracy of the financial statements and adequacy of internal controls for the financial reporting purpose as required under the provisions of regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022.

XVIII. Transfer of unclaimed dividend to the investor education and protection fund

During the financial year under report, your company has transferred the unpaid dividend amount of ₹ 1,16,973 (rupees one lakh sixteen thousand nine hundred and seventy three only) for the financial year 2013-14, to the investor education and protection fund (IEPF). Shareholders are requested to ensure that they claim the dividend(s) from the company before transfer of the said amounts to the IEPF.

XIX. Risk management committee

While business risk evaluation and management is an ongoing process within the organization, the company has a vigorous risk management framework to identify, monitor and minimize the business and non business risks. The company has voluntarily formed a risk management committee consisting of the following members:

| Sr. no. | Name of the member | Category | Designation in the committee |
|---------|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | Mr. Dharmendra N. Soni | Non executive independent director | Chairman |
| 2 | Mr. Devang M. Shah | Non executive independent director | Member |
| 3 | Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala | Executive, managing, non independent director | Member |

The terms of reference, objectives and scope of the risk management committee inter-alia include:

- oversight of risk management performed by the officers;
- reviewing the risk management policy and framework in line with local legal requirements and SEBI guidelines;
- identification, monitoring and measurement of the risk profile of the company (including market risks, operational risks, and credit risks); and
- defining framework for identification, assessment, monitoring, and reporting of risks.

During the financial year under report, two meetings of the committee were held with unanimous presence.

XX. Prevention of insider trading

In accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, a comprehensive code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information for adhering to the principles of fair disclosure, a code of internal procedures and conduct for regulating, monitoring and reporting of trading by insiders and policy and procedures for inquiry in case of leak of unpublished price sensitive information for prevention and regulation of trading in the company's shares by insiders are in vogue.

The code prohibits purchase or sale of company's shares by directors, KMP and other designated person, designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the company. The same can be found on website of the company at the investors section.

XXI. Reconciliation of share capital audit

As stipulated by the SEBI, a qualified practicing company secretary carries out the reconciliation of share capital audit to reconcile the total admitted share capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and total issued and paid-up share capital of the company. This audit is carried out every quarter. The audit, inter-alia, confirms that the listed and paid-up share capital of the company is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialized form held with NSDL and CDSL and the total number of shares in physical form.

XXII. Independent directors registration

All the independent directors of the company have completed their registration on the independent directors' data bank within the timeline stipulated by the law. Also the requisite independent director(s) have cleared the proficiency self-assessment test or are not required to do so based on the relaxation provided therein.

Also the board of directors of the company opines that during the year the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency) of the independent directors are satisfactory to the company's requirements. The independent directors are proficient in the field as specified in point II(h) above.

For and on behalf of the board of directors
KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Chairman & managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Managing director (MD) & chief financial officer (CFO) certificate

To,
The board of directors,
KIFS Financial Services Limited,

We, Mr. Rajesh P. Khandwala, managing director and Mr. Bhavik J. Shah, chief financial officer of the company, do hereby certify that on the basis of the review of the financial statements and the cash flow statement of KIFS Financial Services Limited for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- a.
 - (i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading; and
 - (ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. there are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the financial year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the company's code of conduct.
- c. we accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. we have indicated to the auditors and the audit committee:
 - (i) significant changes, if any, in the internal control over financial reporting during the financial year;
 - (ii) significant changes, if any, in the accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (iii) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the internal control system over financial reporting.

Yours sincerely,

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Managing director)
(DIN: 00477673)

Bhavik J. Shah
(Chief financial officer)

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022

Statutory auditor's certificate on compliance with corporate governance requirements under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,
The members of KIFS Financial Services Limited,

We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by KIFS Financial Services Limited (“the company”) for the year ended on March 31, 2022, as per regulations 17-27, clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“listing regulations”) with amendments as applicable.

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of corporate governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the company has complied with the conditions of the corporate governance as stipulated in the above mentioned listing agreement / listing regulations as applicable.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For **M/s. Bimal Shah Associates**,
Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

Bimal Arvindbhai Shah
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 042372

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AOWHPK6523

Certificate of non-disqualification of directors

To,
The members of
KIFS Financial Services Limited,
B-81, Pariseema Complex, C. G. Road,
Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India.

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the directors of KIFS Financial Services Limited having CIN: L67990GJ1995PLC025234 and having its registered office situated at B-81, Pariseema Complex, C. G. Road, Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat, India (hereinafter referred to as ‘the company’), produced before me by the company for the purpose of issuing this certificate, in accordance with regulation 34(3) read with schedule V para C sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including directors identification number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the company & its officers, I / we hereby certify that none of the directors on the board of the company as stated below for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other statutory authority. The details of directors of the company throughout the year and as on closure of the financial year i.e. on March 31, 2022 are as below:

| Sr. no. | Name of director | DIN | Date of appointment in company |
|---------|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Rajesh Parmanand Khandwala | 00477673 | July 31, 2010 |
| 2 | Sonal Rajesh Khandwala | 01788620 | May 27, 2014 |
| 3 | Dharmendra Navnitlal Soni | 01659489 | December 28, 2002 |
| 4 | Devang Manubhai Shah | 01788760 | December 28, 2002 |
| 5 | Vimal Parmanand Khandwala | 00477768 | January 25, 2021 |
| 6 | Sharvil Bharatkumar Suthar | 08785030 | June 29, 2020 |

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every director on the board is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For **Anamika Jajoo & Co.**,
Practicing company secretary

Anamika Jajoo
(Proprietor)
C. P. no.: 13859
ACS no.: 20918
Peer review number: 1987/2022

Ahmedabad, August 12, 2022
UDIN: A020918D000790676

Independent auditors' report

To the members of
KIFS Financial Services Limited,

Report on the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of KIFS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED ("the company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2022, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income) and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2022, the profit and total comprehensive income and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have no key audit matter to communicate in our report.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management discussion and analysis, board's report including annexures to board's report, business responsibility report, corporate governance and shareholder's information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The company's board of directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income and cash flows of the company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting

policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with standards of auditing (SAs), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the order"), issued by the central government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income and the statement of cash flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - (f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure "B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
 - (g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act and is within the limit specified under the said section.

- (h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - I. The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - II. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
- III. During the financial year under report i.e. 2021-22, the company has duly transferred ₹ 1,16,973/-, the unclaimed and unpaid dividend amount for the financial year 2013-14 to the investor education and protection fund.

For **Bimal Shah Associates**,
Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

Bimal A. Shah
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 042372
Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Annexure – “A” to the independent auditors’ report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'report on other legal & regulatory requirement' section of our report of even date)

(Report of even date on the Companies (Auditor’s Report) Order, 2020 (“the order”) issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act)

- i. In respect of the company’s Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
(B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, all the Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (c) The Company does not has any immovable properties accordingly this para is not applicable.
 - (d) The Company has not re-valued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
 - (e) As explained to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made there under and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise.
- ii.
 - (a) The Company does not has any inventory accordingly this para is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not taken/sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from a bank on the basis of security of current assets. So, this para is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has not made investments in a subsidiary company during the year and not provided guarantee to companies. As the company has not granted secured /unsecured loan or provide security or advance in the nature of loan to any parties, the reporting under sub-clauses (iii)(a) (iii)(b),(iii)(c),(iii)(d),(iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the clause 3 of the order are not applicable to the company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of investments made and providing guarantees.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 (as amended). According to the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or the National Company Law Tribunal or The Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- vi. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company no cost audit records have been prescribed under section 148(1) of the companies act, 2013 in respect of business activities of the company.
- vii.
 - (a) As per information and explanations given to us, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and service tax, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales-tax, Wealth tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities wherever applicable. There are no outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year under audit for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of Goods and Service Tax, sales tax, income tax, custom duty, wealth tax, service tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

- ix. (a) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon from any lender.
(b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
(c) The Company has applied term loan for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, we report that the funds raised on short-term basis have not been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary and joint venture.
(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary and joint venture.
- x. (a) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the Auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report. (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered in to transactions with related parties in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv. (a) As explained to us and in our opinion, the Company has adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
(b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- xv. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. The company being an NBFC, is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The Company is duly registered as a Non-Banking Financial Company (“NBFC”) with the Reserve Bank of India (“RBI”) and has got classified as a Non-Banking Financial Company with effect from February 18, 1998.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. The company has during the year spent the amount of corporate social responsibility as required under subsection (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For **Bimal Shah Associates**,
Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

Bimal A. Shah
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 042372
Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Annexure – “B” report on the internal financial controls

ANNEXURE-"B" Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KIFS Financial Services Limited (“the company”) as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s responsibility for internal financial controls

The company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the guidance note on audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the guidance note on audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting (the “Guidance note”) and the standards on auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control, both applicable to an audit of internal financial control and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those standards and the guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understating of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- i. pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- ii. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- iii. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statement.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatement due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on;

- i. existing policies and procedures adopted by the company for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of business;
- ii. continuous adherence to company's policies;
- iii. existing procedures in relation to safeguarding of company's fixed assets, investments, inventories, receivables, loans and advances made and cash and bank balances;
- iv. existing system to prevent and detect fraud and errors;
- v. accuracy and completeness of company's accounting records; and
- vi. existing capacity to prepare timely and reliable financial information.

For **Bimal Shah Associates**,
Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

Bimal A. Shah
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 042372
Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Balance sheet as at March 31, 2022

(Amount ₹ in lakhs)

| Particulars | Note No. | As at March 31, 2022 | As at March 31, 2021 | As at March 31, 2020 |
|---|----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 497.44 | 3,446.01 | 430.50 |
| Loans | 6 | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |
| Other Financial assets | 7 | 10.57 | 3.23 | 5.28 |
| Total Financial Assets | | 29,247.42 | 19,487.99 | 20,342.83 |
| Non-Financial Assets | | | | |
| Income tax assets (net) | 8 | 613.66 | 315.24 | 246.47 |
| Deferred tax Assets (Net) | 9 | 4.93 | 3.41 | 3.54 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 10 (a) | 161.24 | 0.16 | 10.59 |
| Other Intangible assets | 10 (b) | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Other non-financial assets | 11 | 7.75 | 7.83 | 4.74 |
| Total Non-Financial Assets | | 787.62 | 326.66 | 265.36 |
| Total Assets | | 30,035.04 | 19,814.65 | 20,608.19 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| Payables | | | | |
| (I) Other Payables | | | | |
| (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | - | - |
| (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 1.56 | 0.76 | 0.88 |
| Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) | 12 | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | 16,999.88 |
| Other financial liabilities | 13 | 5.84 | 6.79 | 7.96 |
| Total Financial Liabilities | | 25,315.55 | 15,888.43 | 17,008.71 |
| Non-Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| Provisions | 14 | 546.15 | 302.88 | 238.43 |
| Other non-financial liabilities | 15 | 186.31 | 113.71 | 94.92 |
| Total Non-Financial Liabilities | | 732.47 | 416.59 | 333.35 |
| Total Liabilities | | 26,048.02 | 16,305.02 | 17,342.06 |
| EQUITY | | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 16 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 |
| Other Equity | 17 | 2,905.22 | 2,427.83 | 2,184.34 |
| Total Equity | | 3,987.02 | 3,509.63 | 3,266.14 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | | 30,035.04 | 19,814.65 | 20,608.19 |
| See accompanying notes to the financial statements | | - | - | - |

As per our attached report of even date

For **M/s. Bimal Shah Associates,**

Chartered accountants

FRN: 101505W

For and on behalf of board of directors of **KIFS Financial Services Limited****Rajesh P. Khandwala**

(Managing director – DIN: 00477673)

Devang M. Shah

(Director – DIN: 01788760)

Bimal Arvindbhai Shah

(Proprietor)

(Membership no.: 042372)

Durgesh D. Soni

(Company secretary – A38670)

Bhavik J. Shah

(Chief financial officer)

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

Statement of profit & loss for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022

| | | Note no. | For the financial year 2021-22 | For the financial year 2020-21 |
|------------|---|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | (Amount ₹ in lakhs) | |
| I | Revenue from operations | | | |
| | Interest income | 18 | 3,271.30 | 2,092.44 |
| | Training income | 19 | - | - |
| | Fees and commission income | 20 | - | 0.77 |
| | Total revenue from operations | | 3,271.30 | 2,093.21 |
| | Other income | 21 | - | 10.35 |
| | Total income | | 3,271.30 | 2,103.56 |
| II | EXPENSES | | | |
| | Finance Costs | 22 | 2,314.01 | 1,545.86 |
| | Impairment on financial instruments | 23 | 32.17 | (9.84) |
| | Employee Benefit Expenses | 24 | 37.13 | 33.81 |
| | Depreciation, amortization and impairment | 25 | 37.99 | 2.55 |
| | Other expenses | 26 | 27.80 | 23.33 |
| | Total expenses | | 2,449.10 | 1,595.71 |
| | Profit before exceptional items and tax (I-II) | | 822.20 | 507.84 |
| | Exceptional items | | - | - |
| | Profit before extraordinary items and tax | | 822.20 | 507.84 |
| | Extraordinary items | | - | - |
| III | Profit before tax | | 822.20 | 507.84 |
| IV | Tax expense | | | |
| | Current tax | 9 | 211.10 | 129.00 |
| | Deferred tax (credit) / charge | 9 | 1.53 | (0.13) |
| | Net tax expenses | | 209.57 | 129.13 |
| V | Profit for the year (III-IV) | | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| VI | Earnings per share (of ₹ 10/- each) | 27 | | |
| | (a) Basic | | 5.66 | 3.50 |
| | (b) Diluted | | 5.66 | 3.50 |
| | See accompanying notes to the financial statements | | | |

As per our attached report of even date

For **M/s. Bimal Shah Associates,**

Chartered accountants

FRN: 101505W

For and on behalf of board of directors of **KIFS Financial Services Limited****Rajesh P. Khandwala**

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(Chief financial officer)

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022**(A) Equity Share Capital**

(Amount ₹ in lakhs)

| Particulars | Balance at 1 April 2020 | Changes in equity share capital during the year | Balance at 31 March 2021 | Changes in equity share capital during the year | Balance at 31 March 2022 |
|---|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Equity Share of ₹ 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid | 1,081.80 | - | 1,081.80 | - | 1,081.80 |

(B) Other Equity

(Amount ₹ in lakhs)

| Particulars | Reserves and Surplus | | | Total |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Reserve fund | Securities Premium | Retained Earnings | |
| Balance at 1 April 2020 | 620.55 | 486.81 | 1,076.97 | 2,184.34 |
| Changes in accounting policy / prior period errors | - | - | - | - |
| Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period | 620.55 | 486.81 | 1,076.97 | 2,184.34 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - | 378.72 | 378.72 |
| Dividend on Equity Shares including DDT | - | - | (135.23) | (135.23) |
| Transfer to Reserve fund | 75.74 | - | (75.74) | - |
| Balance at 31 March 2021 | 696.30 | 486.81 | 1,244.72 | 2,427.83 |
| Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors | - | - | - | - |
| Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period | 696.30 | 486.81 | 1,244.72 | 2,427.83 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - | 612.62 | 612.62 |
| Dividend on Equity Shares including DDT | - | - | (135.23) | (135.23) |
| Transfer to Reserve fund | 122.52 | - | (122.52) | - |
| Balance at 31 March 2022 | 818.82 | 486.81 | 1,599.59 | 2,905.22 |

In terms of our report attached
For **M/s. Bimal Shah Associates**,
Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

For and on behalf of board of directors of **KIFS Financial Services Limited**

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Managing director – DIN: 00477673)

Devang M. Shah
(Director – DIN: 01788760)

Bimal Arvindbhai Shah
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(Chief financial officer)

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

Cash flow statement for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022

| | For the financial year 2021-22 | | For the financial year 2020-21 | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Amount in ₹ Lakhs | | Amount in ₹ Lakhs | |
| A Cash flow from the operating activities | | | | |
| Net profit before tax | | 822.20 | | 507.84 |
| Add: adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 37.99 | | 2.55 | |
| Profit on sale of fixed assets | - | 37.99 | (0.62) | 1.93 |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | | 860.19 | | 509.77 |
| Changes in Working Capital: | | | | |
| Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets: | | | | |
| Loans and Advances | (12,700.67) | | 3,868.31 | |
| Other financial and non-financial assets | (305.68) | | (69.82) | |
| Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: | | | | |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 9,427.27 | | (1,119.00) | |
| Other financial and non-financial liabilities | 72.45 | | 17.51 | |
| Provisions | 243.27 | (3,263.36) | 64.45 | 2,761.46 |
| Cash generated from / (used in) operations | | (2,403.17) | | 3,271.23 |
| Income tax paid (net) | 211.10 | 211.10 | 129.00 | 129.00 |
| Cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A) | | (2,614.27) | | 3,142.23 |
| B Cash flow from investing activities | | | | |
| Sale of fixed assets | - | | 8.50 | |
| Purchase of Fixed Assets | (199.07) | | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities (B) | | (199.07) | | 8.50 |
| C Cash flow from financing activities | | | | |
| Dividend paid including dividend distribution tax | (135.23) | | (135.23) | |
| Cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C) | | (135.23) | | (135.23) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) | | (2,948.57) | | 3,015.51 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 3,446.01 | | 430.50 |
| "Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 1 below)" | | 497.44 | | 3,446.01 |

Notes:

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Cash and bank balances at the end of the year comprises: | | |
| (a) Cash on Hand | 1.11 | 1.78 |
| (b) Balances with banks | 496.33 | 3,444.23 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet | 497.44 | 3,446.01 |

2. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard-7 on Statement of Cash Flows specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

| Particulars | 31 March 2021 | Cash Flows | Non-cash changes* | 31 March 2022 |
|--|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Borrowings other than debt securities | 15,880.88 | 9,427.27 | - | 25,308.15 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 15,880.88 | 9,427.27 | - | 25,308.15 |

| Particulars | 1 April 2020 | Cash Flows | Non-cash changes* | 31 March 2021 |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Borrowings other than debt securities | 16,999.88 | (1,119.00) | - | 15,880.88 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 16,999.88 | (1,119.00) | - | 15,880.88 |

KIFS Financial Services Limited

* Non-cash changes includes the effect of recording financial liability at amortized cost, amortization of processing fees etc.

See accompanying explanatory notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached
For **M/s. Bimal Shah Associates,**

Chartered accountants
FRN: 101505W

For and on behalf of board of directors of
KIFS Financial Services Limited

Rajesh P. Khandwala
(Managing director – DIN: 00477673)

Devang M. Shah
(Director – DIN: 01788760)

Bimal Arvindbhai Shah
(Proprietor)
(Membership no.: 042372)

Durgesh D. Soni
(Company secretary – A38670)

Bhavik J. Shah
(Chief financial officer)

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022
UDIN: 22042372AJWLFZ3923

Ahmedabad, May 30, 2022

Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 1 Significant accounting policies

1. Corporate information

KIFS Financial Services Limited (KFSL) incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 on March 29, 1995 [CIN: L67990GJ1995PLC025234] is a non banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) under the provisions of section 45-IA of the RBI Act, 1934 as a loan company (RBI registration no. 01.00007 dated 18.02.1998). KFSL is a public limited company and is listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. It offers capital market products like margin trading, loan against shares (las) and funding primary market issues for the retail investors.

The Company's registered office is at B-81, Pariseema complex, Ellisbridge, C.G.Road, Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India – 380006.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (the "Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act").

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2019, the Company prepared its standalone financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP or previous GAAP). These standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 was the Company's second financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except as stated otherwise.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency").

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The areas involving the use of estimates or judgements are:

i) Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of business model and the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors the financial assets measured at amortised cost and this monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

ii) Effective Interest Rate ("EIR") method

The Company's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 3.1(A), recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at

various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well as expected changes to interest rates and other fee income/ expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

iii) Impairment of financial asset

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

There is no need to provide such impairment of financial assets as the company only provide short term loans which are mostly payable on demand there is no significant effect on impairment of financial asset.

iv) Provisions and other contingent liabilities

When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

These estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the standalone financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

2.5 Presentation of the standalone financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 38.

Financial assets and financial liability are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- i) The normal course of business
- ii) The event of default

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Recognition of Interest Income

A. EIR method

Under Ind AS 109, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, financial instrument measured at FVOCI and financial instruments designated at FVTPL. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial instrument.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through Interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

B. Interest income

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets.

3.2 Financial Instrument - Initial Recognition

A. Date of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

B. Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments (Refer note 3.3(A)). All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at amortised cost. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, are adjusted to the cost on initial recognition.

C. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at Amortised cost.

3.3 Financial assets and liabilities

A. Financial Assets

Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- a) How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel.
- b) The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed.
- c) How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).
- d) The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Company's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Company's original expectations, the Company does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financial to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium/ discount).

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Company applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

Accordingly, the financial assets are measured as follows:

- i) **Financial assets carried at amortised cost ("AC")**
A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- ii) **Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")**
A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- iii) **Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")**
A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

B. Financial Liability

- i) **Initial recognition and measurement**
All financial liability are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liability, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.
- ii) **Subsequent measurement**
Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

3.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified. The Company did not reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities in the year 2021-22, 2020-21, 2019-20, 2018-19 and 2017-18.

3.5 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of derecognition) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Accordingly, gain on sale or derecognition of assigned portfolio are recorded upfront in the statement of profit and loss as per Ind AS 109. Also, the Company recognises servicing income as a percentage of interest spread over tenure of loan in cases where it retains the obligation to service the transferred financial asset.

As per the guidelines of RBI, the company is required to retain certain portion of the loan assigned to parties in its books as Minimum Retention Requirement (MRR). Therefore, it continue to recognise the portion retained by it as MRR.

ii) Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially

different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

3.6 Impairment of financial assets

A. Overview of the ECL principles

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses ECL model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- i.) The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- ii.) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

Based on the above, the Company categorises its loans into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3, as described below:

Stage 1: When loans are first recognised, the Company recognises an allowance based on 12 months ECL. Stage 1 loans includes those loans where there is no significant credit risk observed and also includes facilities where the credit risk has been improved and the loan has been reclassified from stage 2 or stage 3.

Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Company records an allowance for the life time ECL. Stage 2 loans also includes facilities where the credit risk has improved and the loan has been reclassified from stage 3.

Stage 3: Loans considered credit impaired. The Company records an allowance for life time ECL.

B. The calculation of ECLs

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

- | | |
|-----|---|
| PD | The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously derecognised and is still in the portfolio. |
| EAD | The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, taking into account expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and interest |
| LGD | The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the EAD. |

The Company has calculated Probability of Default (PDs), Exposure at Default (EAD) and Loss Given Default (LGDs) to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of loans and discounted at an approximation to the EIR. At every reporting date, the above calculated PDs, EAD and LGDs are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

C. Forward looking information

In its ECL models, the Company relies on a broad range of forward looking macro parameters and estimated the impact on the default at a given point of time.

3.7 Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety after reasonable efforts for recovery have been made and when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment on financial instrument on the statement of profit and loss.

3.8 Determination of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3.9 Recognition of other income and expenses

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115 - Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found within Ind ASs.

The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

A. Interest income on Bank deposits & Other Income

Interest income on Bank deposits is accounted on accrual basis. Other Operating Income such as Service Charges, Stamp and Document Charges etc. are recognised on accrual basis.

B. Fees and commission income

Fees and commission income such as stamp and document charges, guarantee commission, service income etc. are recognised on point in time basis.

C. Borrowing costs

Borrowing Costs are the interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period for which they are incurred.

3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments

that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.11 Property, plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipments are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipments comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and other incidental expenses. Subsequent expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipments after its purchase is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as specified under Schedule II of the Act.

In respect of property, plant and Equipments purchased during the period, depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such asset is purchased or ready for its intended use.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

3.12 Intangible Assets

The Company's other intangible assets include the value of software and trademark. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to write down the cost of intangible assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

3.13 Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at the each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount, impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as an expense, for such excess amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.14 Leasing

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or whether the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Company as a lessee

Leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all of the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased items are operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless the increase is in line with expected general inflation, in which case lease payments are recognised based on

contractual terms. Contingent rental payable is recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Company as a lessor

Leases where the Company does not transfer substantially all of the risk and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in rental income in the statement of profit and loss, unless the increase is in line with expected general inflation, in which case lease income is recognised based on contractual terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.15 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the effect of the time value of money is material, the Company determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

B. Contingent liability

A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or; present obligation that arises from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability are disclosed as contingent liability and not provided for.

C. Contingent Asset

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Contingent assets are not recognised and disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

3.16 Taxes

A. Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities. Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the period as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or equity.

B. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the standalone financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off.

C. Goods and services tax / value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax paid, except when the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or availing of services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

3.17 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax (i.e. profit attributable to ordinary equity holders) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax (i.e. profit attributable to ordinary equity holders) as adjusted for after-tax amount of dividends and interest recognised in the period in respect of the dilutive potential ordinary shares and is adjusted for any other changes in income or expense that would result from the conversion of the dilutive potential ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share as increased by the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits, right issue and bonus shares, as appropriate.

3.18 Dividends on ordinary shares

The Company recognises a liability to make cash to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the Companies Act, 2013, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

3.19 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method as prescribed under Ind AS 7, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

3.20 Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

3.21 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year.

4. First time adoption of Ind AS

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2019 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly the impact of transition has been provided in the Opening Reserves as at 1st April 2018. The

figures for the previous period have been restated, regrouped and reclassified wherever required to comply with the requirement of Ind AS and Schedule III.

- i) Fair value as deemed cost exemption
The Company has elected to measure items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at its carrying value at the transition date.
- ii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities
The Company has applied the derecognition requirements of financial assets and financial liabilities prospectively for transactions occurring on or after April 1, 2018 (the transition date).
- iii) Impairment of financial assets
The Company has applied the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively; however, as permitted by Ind AS 101, it has used reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that financial instruments were initially recognised in order to compare it with the credit risk at the transition date. Further, the Company has not undertaken an exhaustive search for information when determining, at the date of transition to Ind ASs, whether there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition, as permitted by Ind AS 101.

5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Cash on Hand | 1.11 | 1.78 | 2.14 |
| Balances with Banks: | | | |
| In Current / Cash Credit Accounts | 211.33 | 3,159.23 | 143.36 |
| In Fixed Deposit Accounts | 285.00 | 285.00 | 285.00 |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents | 497.44 | 3,446.01 | 430.50 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Note 6. Loans (At amortised cost) | | | |
| (A) (i) Loans repayable on Demand | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |
| Total (A) – Gross | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | - | - | - |
| Total (A) - Net | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |
| (B) (i) Secured loan | - | - | 1,204.87 |
| (ii) Unsecured loan | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 18,702.19 |
| Total (B)-Gross | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | - | - | - |
| Total (B) - Net | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 |

Note: 1. Loans granted by the Company are secured against listed shares.

6.1 An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | FY 2021-22 (Stages) | | | | FY 2020-21 (Stages) | | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | Total | 1 | 2 | 3 | Total |
| Gross carrying amount opening balance | 16,028.41 | 10.33 | - | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 | - | - | 19,907.06 |
| Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers to Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers to Stage 2 | (4.21) | 4.21 | - | - | (10.33) | 10.33 | - | - |
| Transfers to Stage 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Amounts written off | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New assets originated | 12,700.67 | - | - | 12,700.67 | (3,868.31) | - | - | (3,868.31) |
| Gross carrying amount closing balance | 28,724.88 | 14.54 | - | 28,739.42 | 16,028.41 | 10.33 | - | 16,038.74 |

* New assets originated are those assets which have remained in stage 1 at the year end.

6.2 Reconciliation of ECL balance is given below

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | FY 2021-22 | | | | FY 2020-21 | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---------|---------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| ECL allowance - opening balance | 40.10 | 1.03 | - | 41.13 | 49.77 | 1.20 | - | 50.97 |
| Addition during the year | 31.75 | 0.42 | - | 32.17 | - | - | - | - |
| Reversal during the year | - | - | - | - | (9.67) | (0.17) | - | (9.84) |
| ECL allowance - closing balance | 71.85 | 1.45 | - | 73.30 | 40.10 | 1.03 | - | 41.13 |

Increase in ECLs of the portfolio was driven by an increase in the gross size of the portfolio and movements between stages as a result of increases in credit risk.

7 Other financial assets

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Security deposits | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Interest accrued but not due on loans and advances | 9.41 | 2.07 | 4.11 |
| Total Other Financial Assets | 10.57 | 3.23 | 5.28 |

8 Income tax assets

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Advance Tax and TDS Receivable | 613.66 | 315.24 | 246.47 |
| Total Income Tax Assets | 613.66 | 315.24 | 246.47 |

9 Income tax

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 are: | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Current tax | 211.10 | 129.00 |
| Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years | | |
| Deferred tax | 1.53 | (0.13) |
| Total tax charge | 212.63 | 128.87 |
| Current tax | 211.10 | 129.00 |
| Deferred tax | 1.53 | (0.13) |

9.1 Deferred tax

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Deferred Tax Asset / Liability (Net) | | |
| The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows: | | |
| At the start of the year DTA / (DTL) | 3.41 | 3.54 |
| Credit/(Charge) to Statement of Profit and Loss | 1.53 | (0.13) |
| At the end of year DTA / (DTL) | 4.93 | 3.41 |

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| | As at 31 March 2021 | Credit / (Charge) to Profit or Loss | As at 31 March 2022 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Component of Deferred tax asset / (liability) | | | |
| Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to: | | | |
| Difference between written down value of fixed assets as per books of accounts and income tax | 3.41 | 1.53 | 4.93 |
| Impairment on financial assets | - | - | - |
| Total | 3.41 | 1.53 | 4.93 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| | As at 1 April 2020 | Credit / (Charge) to Profit or Loss | As at 31 March 2021 |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Component of Deferred tax asset / (liability) | | | |
| Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to: | | | |
| Difference between written down value of fixed assets as per books of accounts and income tax | 3.54 | (0.13) | 3.41 |
| Impairment on financial assets | - | - | - |
| Total | 3.54 | (0.13) | 3.41 |

10 Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Nature of Assets | Property, Plant and Equipment (a) | | | | Intangible Assets (b) | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Office Equipments | Plant and Machinery | Vehicles | Total | Software | Other Intangibles | Total |
| At Deemed Cost | | | | | | | |
| At 1 April 2020 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 22.06 | 22.24 | 0.07 | - | 0.07 |
| Additions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 22.06 | 22.06 | - | - | - |
| At 31 March 2021 | 0.15 | 0.04 | - | 0.18 | - | - | - |
| Additions | - | - | 199.07 | 199.07 | - | - | - |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At 31 March 2022 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 199.07 | 199.26 | 0.07 | - | 0.07 |
| Depreciation/Amortisation | | | | | | | |
| At 1 April 2020 | 0.03 | - | 11.63 | 11.66 | 0.04 | - | 0.04 |
| Depreciation/Amortization Charge | - | - | 2.55 | 2.55 | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | 14.18 | 14.18 | - | - | - |
| At 31 March 2021 | 0.03 | - | - | 0.03 | 0.04 | - | 0.04 |
| Depreciation/Amortization Charge | - | - | 37.99 | 37.99 | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At 31 March 2022 | 0.03 | - | 37.99 | 38.02 | 0.04 | - | 0.04 |
| Net Block Value: | | | | | | | |
| At 1 April 2020 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 10.43 | 10.59 | 0.03 | - | 0.03 |
| At 31 March 2021 | 0.12 | 0.04 | - | 0.16 | 0.03 | - | 0.03 |
| At 31 March 2022 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 161.08 | 161.24 | 0.03 | - | 0.03 |

11 Other non-financial assets

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Prepaid expenses | 2.40 | 1.04 | 1.41 |
| Advances to employees | 5.35 | 6.79 | 3.33 |
| Total other non-financial assets | 7.75 | 7.83 | 4.74 |

12 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) (At amortised cost)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| (a) Working Capital Loan | | | |
| (i) from Banks | 93.42 | - | 99.52 |
| (d) Loans repayable on demand | | | |
| (i) from other parties | 25,214.73 | 15,880.88 | 16,900.36 |
| Total (A) | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | 16,999.88 |
| Borrowings in India | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | 16,999.88 |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Borrowings outside India | - | - | - |
| Total (B) to tally with (A) | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | 16,999.88 |

13 Other financial liabilities

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Unclaimed Dividend | 5.84 | 6.79 | 7.96 |
| Total other financial liabilities | 5.84 | 6.79 | 7.96 |

14 Provisions

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Proposed Equity Final Dividend | - | - | - |
| Tax on Proposed Equity Final Dividend | - | - | - |
| Current Tax | 211.10 | 129.00 | 132.75 |
| Tax of earlier years | 261.75 | 132.75 | 54.71 |
| Contingent Provision for Standard Assets | 71.85 | 40.10 | 49.77 |
| Sub Standard Assets | 1.45 | 1.03 | 1.20 |
| Total Provisions | 546.15 | 302.88 | 238.43 |

15 Other non-financial liabilities

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Statutory remittances | 186.31 | 113.71 | 94.92 |
| Total other non-financial liabilities | 186.31 | 113.71 | 94.92 |

16 Equity shares capital

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Authorized Shares: | | | |
| 1,10,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each | 1,100.00 | 1,100.00 | 1,100.00 |
| | 1,100.00 | 1,100.00 | 1,100.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-Up Shares: | | | |
| 1,08,18,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 |
| | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 |

16.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | | As at 31 March 2021 | | As at 31 March 2020 | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | No. of Shares | (Amount in ₹) | No. of Shares | (Amount in ₹) | No. of Shares | (Amount in ₹) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 |
| Issued during the year | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bonus issue during the year | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Outstanding at the end of the year | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 | 1,08,18,000 | 1,081.80 |

16.2 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Class of shares / Name of shareholder | As at 31 March 2022 | | As at 31 March 2021 | | As at 31 March 2020 | |
|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares |
| Equity Shares | | | | | | |
| Khandwala Commercial Private Limited | 80,50,000 | 74.41% | 80,50,000 | 74.41% | 80,50,000 | 74.41% |

16.3 Details of shares held by each promoters

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Class of shares / Name of shareholder | As at 31 March 2022 | | As at 31 March 2021 | | As at 31 March 2020 | |
|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares | Number of shares held | % holding in that class of shares |
| Equity Shares | | | | | | |
| Khandwala Commercial Private Limited | 80,50,000 | 74.41% | 80,50,000 | 74.41% | 80,50,000 | 74.41% |

16.4 Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

17 Other equity

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Reserve fund | | | |
| Opening Balance of Special Reserve | 696.30 | 620.55 | 541.77 |
| Add: | | | |
| Amount of Special Reserve | 122.52 | 75.74 | 78.78 |
| Less: | | | |
| Amount withdrawn from Special Reserve | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance of Special Reserve | 818.82 | 696.30 | 620.55 |
| Securities Premium | | | |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 486.81 | 486.81 | 486.81 |
| Additions during the year | - | - | - |
| Outstanding at the end of the year | 486.81 | 486.81 | 486.81 |
| Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss | | | |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 1,244.72 | 1,076.97 | 892.27 |
| Add: Opening Ind AS Adjustment | - | - | - |
| Add: Profit for the year | 612.62 | 378.72 | 393.91 |
| | 1,857.34 | 1,455.69 | 1,286.17 |
| Less : Appropriations: | | | |
| Special Reserve | 122.52 | 75.74 | 78.78 |
| Dividend on Equity Shares | 135.23 | 135.23 | 108.18 |
| Dividend Distribution Tax on Equity Dividend | - | - | 22.24 |
| Total Appropriations | 257.75 | 210.97 | 209.20 |

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2022 | As at 31 March 2021 | As at 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Net Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss | 1,599.59 | 1,244.72 | 1,076.97 |
| Total Other Equity | 2,905.22 | 2,427.83 | 2,184.34 |

17.1 Nature and purpose of reserve

1 Special reserve

Special Reserve is created as required under Section 45-1C of the RBI Act.

2 Securities premium

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes in accordance with the provisions of section 52 the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss

Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss is the accumulated available profit for the company carried forward from earlier years. These reserve are free reserves which can be utilised for any purpose as may be required.

18 Interest Income (On Financial assets measured at Amortised Cost)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Interest on loans | 3,271.30 | 2,092.44 |
| Total | 3,271.30 | 2,092.44 |

19 Training income

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Training Income | - | - |
| Total | - | - |

20 Fees and Commission Income

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Management / Corporate Advisory fees | - | - |
| Mutual Fund Distribution Commission | - | 0.77 |
| Total | - | 0.77 |

21 Other income

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Income from non-financing activity | - | - |
| Interest on Income Tax Refund | - | 4.34 |
| Profit of Sale of Fixed Assets | - | 0.62 |
| Excess Provision of Income Tax Written Back | - | 5.38 |
| Total | - | 10.35 |

22 Finance costs (On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Interest on borrowings | | |
| (a) Banks | 0.11 | 2.08 |
| (b) Others | 2,313.90 | 1,543.79 |
| Total | 2,314.01 | 1,545.86 |

23 Impairment on financial instruments (On Financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Contingent Provision for Standard Assets | 31.75 | (9.67) |
| Provision for Sub standard Assets | 0.42 | (0.17) |
| Total | 32.17 | (9.84) |

Note: The disclosure requirements of splitting the loss allowance between “individually” and “collectively” assessed allowances as per Ind AS 107 is not applicable to the Company as it has determined loss allowances on collective basis only.

24 Employee Benefits Expense

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Salaries and wages | 31.13 | 27.81 |
| Director Remuneration | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Total | 37.13 | 33.81 |

25 Depreciation and amortization

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment | 37.99 | 2.55 |
| Total | 37.99 | 2.55 |

26 Other expenses

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Advertisement Expenses | 0.43 | 0.38 |
| Annual Subscription | 1.23 | 2.18 |
| Auditor Remuneration | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| Bank Charges | 0.12 | 0.26 |
| Demat and Depository (Registrar) Charges | - | 0.05 |
| Director's Sitting Fees | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Donation | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Insurance | 0.90 | 0.44 |
| Interest on Late payment of Statutory Dues | 0.79 | 0.23 |
| Listing Fees | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 0.36 | 0.18 |
| Power and Fuel Expense | 1.27 | 1.02 |
| Legal and Professional Fees | 3.05 | 2.69 |
| Rates & Taxes | 0.09 | 0.07 |
| Rent (Refer note no. 28) | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| Repairs & Maintenance: | | |
| Computers | 0.19 | 0.20 |
| Vehicle | 4.00 | 0.23 |
| Total | 27.80 | 23.33 |
| Note: Payment to Statutory Auditors (excluding Taxes) | | |
| For Statutory Audit Fees | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| For Other Services | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| Total | 0.75 | 0.75 |

27 Earnings per share

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (A) Basic | | |
| Computation of Profit (Numerator) | | |
| Net Profit for the year | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| Net Profit for the year attributable to Equity Shareholders | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| Computation of Weighted Average Number of Shares (Denominator) | Nos. | Nos. |
| Weighted average number of Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each used for calculation of Basic Earnings per Share | 1,08,18,000 | 1,08,18,000 |
| Basic Earnings per Share of face value of ₹ 10 each (in ₹) | 5.66 | 3.50 |
| (B) Diluted | | |
| Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholder's as above | 612.62 | 378.72 |
| Computation of Weighted Average Number of Shares (Denominator) | Nos. | Nos. |
| Weighted average number of Equity Shares as above | 1,08,18,000 | 1,08,18,000 |
| Diluted Earnings per Share of face value of ₹ 10 each (in ₹) | 5.66 | 3.50 |

28 Leasing arrangements

Operating lease commitments – company as lessee

The Company has entered into lease and license agreements for taking office premises on rental basis ranging from 11 to 72 months. The specified disclosure in respect of these agreements is given below:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31st March 2022 | Year ended 31st March 2021 |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Lease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| Note:- i. The company has given refundable, interest free security deposits under certain Agreements. ii. Certain agreements contain a provision for their renewal and further there are no sub-leases. | | |

29 Segment reporting

The company is engaged primarily in the business of financing and all its operations are in India only. Accordingly, there is no separate reportable segment as per Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

30 Related party disclosures

(a) Related party disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24, "Related Party Disclosures".

List of related parties and relationships:

| Sr. no. | Nature of Relationship | |
|---------|--|--|
| 1 | Holding company | Khandwala Commercial Private Limited |
| 2 | Key Management Personnel | Rajesh P. Khandwala Vimal P. Khandwala Bhavik J. Shah Durgesh D. Soni |
| 3 | Other Related Parties (i) Associate Company | Khandwala Finstock Private Limited KIFS Trading LLP KIFS Motor Private Limited KIFS International LLP KIFS Trade Capital Private Limited KIFS Housing Finance Limited SKZ Developers |

| | |
|--|---|
| (ii) Relatives of Key Management Personnel | Jayesh P. Khandwala Minaxi P. Khandwala Kinnari J. Khandwala Sonal R. Khandwala Priyanka V. Khandwala |
|--|---|

Transactions with related parties are as follows:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2022 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Holding / Associate Company | Key management personnel | Other Related Parties | Total |
| Inter-corporate Loan Taken (Max. balance during the year) | 27,853.50 | - | - | 27,853.50 |
| Inter-corporate Loan Given (Max. Balance during the year) | 97.28 | - | - | 97.28 |
| Interest Received on loans | - | - | - | - |
| Interest Paid on Loans | 693.57 | - | - | 693.57 |
| Reimbursement of Expense | 1.20 | - | - | 1.20 |
| Remuneration (Including Bonus) | - | 16.73 | - | 16.73 |
| Dividend Paid | 108.68 | - | - | 108.68 |
| Sitting fees | - | 1.00 | - | 1.00 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2021 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Holding / Associate Company | Key management personnel | Other Related Parties | Total |
| Inter-corporate Loan Taken (Max. balance during the year) | 12,257.00 | - | - | 12,257.00 |
| Inter-corporate Loan Given (Max. Balance during the year) | 3,795.28 | - | - | 3,795.28 |
| Interest Received on loans | 8.08 | - | - | 8.08 |
| Interest Paid on Loans | - | - | - | - |
| Reimbursement of Expense | 1.20 | - | - | 1.20 |
| Remuneration (Including Bonus) | - | 15.75 | - | 15.75 |
| Dividend Paid | 100.63 | - | - | 100.63 |
| Sitting fees | - | 1.05 | - | 1.05 |

Balances outstanding from related parties are as follows:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2022 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | Holding / Associate Company | Key management personnel | Other Related Parties | Total |
| Inter-corporate Loan Taken (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022) | 9,323.71 | - | - | 9,323.71 |
| Inter-corporate Loan Given (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2022) | - | - | - | - |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2021 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | Holding / Associate Company | Key management personnel | Other Related Parties | Total |
| Inter-corporate Loan Taken (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2021) | - | - | - | - |
| Inter-corporate Loan Given (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2021) | 97.28 | - | - | 97.28 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2020 | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | Holding / Associate Company | Key management personnel | Other Related Parties | Total |
| Inter-corporate Loan Taken (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2020) | - | - | - | - |
| Inter-corporate Loan Given (Closing Balance as on March 31, 2020) | 89.80 | - | - | 89.80 |

All transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis.

Related party transactions:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Nature of transactions | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Remuneration: | | |
| Rajesh Khandwala | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Bhavik J Shah (Chief Financial Officer) | 5.10 | 4.63 |
| Durgesh Soni (Company Secretary) | 5.63 | 5.12 |
| | | |
| Director Sitting Fees: | | |
| Devang M. shah | 0.40 | 0.40 |
| Dharmendra N. Soni | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Sharvil Suthar | 0.20 | 0.15 |

31 The Company has not received any intimation from vendors regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006. In view of this, information required under section 22 of MSMED Act, 2006 to that extent is not given.

32 Details of Total Non-Performing Assets (NPA) and % of Total Assets under Management (AUM) are as follow:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31.03.2022 | As at 31.03.2021 |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| AUM | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 |
| Gross NPA on AUM | 14.54 | 10.33 |
| Net NPA on AUM | 14.54 | 10.33 |
| Gross NPA as % of AUM | 0.05% | 0.06% |
| Net NPA as % of AUM | 0.05% | 0.06% |

33 Balances of trade payables and loans and advances are subject to confirmation. Adjustments, if any required, will be made on settlement of the account of the parties.

34 Financial Instrument and Fair Value Measurement

(A) Accounting classifications and fair values

The carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments including their levels in the fair value hierarchy presented below:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| As at 31 March 2022 | Carrying amount | Amortised cost | Fair value | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 497.44 | 497.44 | - | - | - | - |
| Loans | 28,739.42 | 28,739.42 | - | - | - | - |
| Security deposits | 1.16 | 1.16 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Interest Accrued on Loans and Advances | 9.41 | 9.41 | - | - | - | - |
| | 29,247.42 | 29,247.42 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Trade Payables | 1.56 | 1.56 | - | - | - | - |

| As at 31 March 2022 | Carrying amount | Amortised cost | Fair value | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------|---------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) | 25,308.15 | 25,308.15 | - | - | 25,308.15 | 25,308.15 |
| Other financial liabilities | 5.84 | 5.84 | - | - | - | - |
| | 25,315.55 | 25,315.55 | - | - | 25,308.15 | 25,308.15 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| As at 31 March 2021 | Carrying amount | Amortised cost | Fair value | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------|---------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,446.01 | 3,446.01 | - | - | - | - |
| Loans | 16,038.74 | 16,038.74 | - | - | - | - |
| Security deposits | 1.16 | 1.16 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Interest Accrued on Loans and Advances | 2.07 | 2.07 | - | - | - | - |
| | 19,487.99 | 19,487.99 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Trade Payables | 0.76 | 0.76 | - | - | - | - |
| Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) | 15,880.88 | 15,880.88 | - | - | 15,880.88 | 15,880.88 |
| Other financial liabilities | 6.79 | 6.79 | - | - | - | - |
| | 15,888.43 | 15,888.43 | - | - | 15,880.88 | 15,880.88 |

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| As at 31 March 2020 | Carrying amount | Amortised cost | Fair value | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------|---------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 430.50 | 430.50 | - | - | - | - |
| Loans | 19,907.06 | 19,907.06 | - | - | - | - |
| Security deposits | 1.16 | 1.16 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Interest Accrued on Loans and Advances | 4.11 | 4.11 | - | - | - | - |
| | 20,342.83 | 20,342.83 | - | - | 1.16 | 1.16 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Trade Payables | 0.88 | 0.88 | - | - | - | - |
| Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) | 16,999.88 | 16,999.88 | - | - | 16,999.88 | 16,999.88 |
| Other financial liabilities | 7.96 | 7.96 | - | - | - | - |
| | 17,008.71 | 17,008.71 | - | - | 16,999.88 | 16,999.88 |

B Measurement of fair values

i. Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities which are at amortised cost are considered to be the same as their fair values as there is no material differences in the carrying values presented.

ii. Financial instruments - fair value

The fair value of financial instruments as referred to in note (A) above have been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement).

The categories used are as follows:

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in active market is determined using valuation technique which maximizes the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value on instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2; and

Level 3: If one or more of significant input is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

iii. Transfers between levels I and II

There has been no transfer in between level I and level II.

C Capital

The Company maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business and is meeting the capital adequacy requirements of the regulator.

Company has complied in full with all its externally imposed capital requirements over the reported period. Equity share capital and other equity are considered for the purpose of Company's capital management.

1 Capital Management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

2 Regulatory capital

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Tier 1 Capital | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 |
| Tier 2 Capital | - | - | - |
| Total Capital | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 | 1,081.80 |

35 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to support its operations. The Company's financial assets include loan and advances, cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board of directors has established the risk management committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Company's audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal

audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

1) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and loans.

The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Loans and advances

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry.

The risk management committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company's review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and in some cases bank references.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date based on the facts and circumstances existing on that date to identify expected losses on account of time value of money and credit risk. For the purposes of this analysis, the loan receivables are categorised into groups based on days past due. Each group is then assessed for impairment using the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model as per the provisions of Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments. The calculation is based on provision matrix which considers actual historical data adjusted appropriately for the future expectations and probabilities. Proportion of expected credit loss provided for across the ageing buckets is summarised below:

| (Amount in ₹ Lakhs) | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Days past due | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| Stage I | 0.25% | 0.25% |
| Stage II | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| Stage III | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| Amount of expected credit loss provided for | 73.30 | 41.13 |

The loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over past years. These loss rates are then adjusted appropriately to reflect differences between current and historical economic conditions and the Company's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the loan receivables. Movement in provision of expected credit loss has been provided in below note.

Movement of ECL:

| (Amount in ₹ Lakhs) | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Particulars | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
| Opening provision of ECL | 41.13 | 50.97 |
| Addition during the year | 32.17 | (9.84) |
| Closing provision of ECL | 73.30 | 41.13 |

Cash and cash equivalent and Bank deposits

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent and bank deposits is limited as the Company generally invests in term deposits with banks.

2) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach in managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due.

The Company monitors its risk of a shortage of funds by estimating the future cash flows. The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash credit facilities and bank loans. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding.

The composition of the Company's liability mix ensures healthy asset liability maturity pattern and well diverse resource mix.

3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

3.1 Interest Rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's investment in bank deposits and variable interest rate borrowings and lending. The interest rates for the tenure of the fixed deposits are fixed. However, with the continuous decrease in the returns on fixed deposits, the income earned on such deposits may change in future based on the interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis have been carried out based on the exposure to interest rates for bank deposits, lending and borrowings carried at variable rate.

The company has mainly obtained short term loan which are repayable on demand, Further the company has mainly given Short Term Advances which are also repayable on demand, besides most of the loans given and loans taken are fixed interest loan and therefore there is not significant / material effect of interest rate due.

3.2 Foreign Currency Risk

The company does not have any instrument denominated or traded in foreign currency. Hence, such risk does not affect the company.

36 Revenue from contracts with customers

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers and reconciliation to profit and loss account:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2022 | For the year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Type of income | | |
| Services charges | - | - |
| Others | - | 0.77 |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | - | 0.77 |
| Geographical markets | | |
| India | - | 0.77 |
| Outside India | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | - | 0.77 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | |
| Services transferred at a point in time | - | 0.77 |
| Services transferred over time | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | - | 0.77 |

37 There have been no events after the reporting date that require disclosure in these financial statements.

(Amount in ₹ Lakh)

| Particulars | 31 March 2022 | | | 31 March 2021 | | | April 1, 2020 | | |
|--|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Within 12 months | After 12 months | Total | Within 12 months | After 12 months | Total | Within 12 months | After 12 months | Total |
| | ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 497.44 | - | 497.44 | 3,446.01 | - | 3,446.01 | 430.50 | - | 430.50 |
| Loans | 28,739.42 | - | 28,739.42 | 16,038.74 | - | 16,038.74 | 19,907.06 | - | 19,907.06 |
| Other Financial assets | 10.57 | - | 10.57 | 3.23 | - | 3.23 | 5.28 | - | 5.28 |
| Non-Financial Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Income tax assets (net) | - | 613.66 | 613.66 | - | 315.24 | 315.24 | - | 246.47 | 246.47 |
| Deferred tax Assets (Net) | 4.93 | - | 4.93 | 3.41 | - | 3.41 | 3.54 | - | 3.54 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | - | 161.24 | 161.24 | - | 0.16 | 0.16 | - | 10.59 | 10.59 |
| Other Intangible assets | - | 0.03 | 0.03 | - | 0.03 | 0.03 | - | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Other non-financial assets | 7.75 | - | 7.75 | 7.83 | - | 7.83 | 4.74 | - | 4.74 |
| Total Assets | 29,260.11 | 774.93 | 30,035.04 | 19,499.22 | 315.43 | 19,814.65 | 20,351.10 | 257.09 | 20,608.19 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Payables | | | | | | | | | |
| (i) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | 1.56 | - | 1.56 | 0.76 | - | 0.76 | 0.88 | - | 0.88 |
| Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) | 25,308.15 | - | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | - | 15,880.88 | 16,999.88 | - | 16,999.88 |
| Other financial liabilities | 5.84 | - | 5.84 | 6.79 | - | 6.79 | 7.96 | - | 7.96 |
| Non-Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Provisions | 284.40 | 261.75 | 546.15 | 170.13 | 132.75 | 302.88 | 183.72 | 54.71 | 238.43 |
| Other non-financial liabilities | 186.31 | - | 186.31 | 113.71 | - | 113.71 | 94.92 | - | 94.92 |
| Total Liability | 25,786.27 | 261.75 | 26,048.02 | 16,172.27 | 132.75 | 16,305.02 | 17,287.35 | 54.71 | 17,342.06 |
| Net | 3,473.84 | 513.18 | 3,987.02 | 3,326.95 | 182.68 | 3,509.63 | 3,063.75 | 202.39 | 3,266.14 |

39 Additional regulatory information

(a) Ratio

| Particulars | Numerator | Denominator | Numerator (₹ in Lakhs) C.Y. | Numerator (₹ in Lakhs) P.Y. | Denominator (₹ in Lakhs) C.Y. | Denominator (₹ in Lakhs) P.Y. | Ratio 2021-22 | Ratio 2020-21 | % Variance |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| (a) Current ratio | Total current assets | Total current liabilities | 29,247.42 | 19,487.99 | 25,315.55 | 15,888.43 | 1.16 | 1.23 | (5.81) |
| (b) Debt-equity ratio | Total Debt | Total equity | 25,308.15 | 15,880.88 | 3,987.02 | 3,509.63 | 6.35 | 4.52 | (40.28) |
| (c) Debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) | Profit before depreciation, interest and tax (EBIT) | Total current borrowings+ Finance Cost | 3,174.19 | 2,056.26 | 2,314.01 | 1,545.86 | 1.37 | 1.33 | 3.12 |
| (d) Return on equity ratio | Net Profits after Tax | Average total equity | 612.62 | 378.72 | 3,748.33 | 3,387.88 | 0.16 | 0.11 | 46.21 |
| (e) Inventory turnover ratio | Revenue from Operation | Average inventory | - | - | - | - | NA | NA | NA |
| (f) Trade receivables turnover ratio | Revenue from Operation | Average trade receivables | - | - | - | - | NA | NA | AN |
| (g) Trade payables turnover ratio | Net purchases | Average trade payables | - | - | - | - | NA | NA | NA |
| (h) Net capital turnover ratio | Revenue from Operation | Current assets-current liabilities | 3,271.30 | 2,093.21 | 3,931.87 | 3,599.55 | 0.83 | 0.58 | 43.07 |
| (i) Net profit ratio | Profit after tax | Revenue from Operation | 612.62 | 378.72 | 3,271.30 | 2,093.21 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 3.51 |
| (j) Return on capital employed | Profit before interest and tax (EBIT) | Tangible Network + Total Debt + Deferred Tax | 3,136.20 | 2,053.71 | 29,290.24 | 19,387.10 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 1.08 |
| (k) Return on investment (Unquoted) | Income generated from Investments | Weighted Average Investments | - | - | - | - | NA | NA | NA |

39 Additional regulatory information

(b) Details of Benami Property Held

The Company does not hold any benami property as defined under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder. No Proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(c) Particulars of Transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 are given hereunder:

During the year the company has not done any transaction with struck off companies.

(d) Registration of Charges of Satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(e) Undisclosed Income

The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the income tax act, 1961 (Such as search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the income tax act, 1961.

(f) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

(g) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity, including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary Shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

(h) The Company has not received any fund any person or entity, including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

40 As per the management explanation, the company does not has any immovable property. Further the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) during the current or previous year.

41 The Management is of the opinion that as on the Balance Sheet date, there are no indications of material impairment loss on Fixed Assets, hence, the need to provide for impairment loss does not arise.

42 Previous year figures have been recasted / restated wherever necessary including those as required in keeping with revised Schedule III amendments"



A KHANDWALA INTERGRATED VENTURE

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